BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS.

JAS. FULTON, Editor...A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor

Terms of Subscription.

One year, in advance, or within three months,.....$2 50
When payment is delayed over three months,.....3 00

No subscription received for a less term than one year.

No subscriber permitted to discontinue his paper after the commencement of a subscription, till the expiration of said year.

Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms.

☞Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription, ($12 50,) will receive the sixth copy gratis, for one year.

Money may be remitted per mail, at our risk.

All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

# Wilmington Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: $2 50 IN ADVANCE

VOL. 10.....WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1854.....NO. 38.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Per Square of 10 lines or less—cash in advance.

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| One square, | 1 insertion,..... | | $ 50 |
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☞Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside charged 37½ cents per square for each insertion after the first.

Any advertisement upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged 25 cents per square for each insertion.

A liberal discount will be made on advertisements exceeding one square, when published 6 or 12 months, CASH IN ADVANCE.

☞No advertisement, reflecting upon private character can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

## Professional and Business Cards.

M. B. SMITH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILMINGTON, N. C.,
Practices in the Counties of New Hanover, Sampson, Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus.
March 10th, 1854 27-1y

FORNEY GEORGE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, WHITEVILLE, N. C.,
Practices in the Counties of Columbus, New Hanover, Sampson, Bladen, Brunswick and Robeson.
March 10th, 1854 27-1y

GEO. W. ROSE,
CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,
June 17 WILMINGTON, N. C.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
C. & D. DuPRE, Wholesale and Retail Druggists AND APOTHECARIES, Wilmington, N. C.
May 9th, 1853. 38-tf
C. DuPRE. D. DuPRE, JR.

S. M. WEST,
AUCTIONEER and Commission Merchant,
219-tf Wilmington, N. C.

D. C. FREEMAN. GEO. HOUSTON.
FREEMAN & HOUSTON, Wilmington, N. C., D. C. FREEMAN & CO., New York,
MERCHANTS AND FACTORS.

JAMES C. SMITH MILES COSTIN.
JAS. C. SMITH & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have removed their office to the second story of the building formerly occupied by the Telegraph Company, where they are prepared to attend to all business in the Commission line.
All business entrusted to them will be punctually attended to. [Jan. 20, 1854.

D. M MILLAN. J. C. BOWDEN.
MacMILLAN & BOWDEN,
INSPECTORS OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS. Office, corner of North Water and Chesnutt Streets, Wilmington, N. C.
Aprile 1, 1854. 176-2t—30-3m.
Fayetteville Carolinian and Goldsboro' New Era, copy 3 months and send bill to this office.

P. M. WALKER,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS, Wilmington, N. C.
All business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.
April 14th, 1854 32-3m

ALFRED ALDERMAN,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS, Wilmington, N. C.
All business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.
April 14th, 1854 32-3m

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT,
WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market-streets, immediately opposite SHAW'S old stand, Wilmington, N. C. 5

J. E. HALL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT, Wilmington, N. C.
Office in rear of McMillan, Davis & Co.'s Store.
Every attention paid to the sale and purchase of produce, and liberal cash advances made on consignments.
REFERS TO:—Capt. Gilbert Potter,
E. P. Hall, Pres't Branch B'k. State N. C.;
O. G. Parsley, Pres't Commercial Bank;
McMillan, Davis & Co.
Jan. 19th, 1854 20-1y

B. F. GRADY,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
☞Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton, and other produce.
☞Office second door below Messrs. Grady & Monk's Store, North Water Street.
Nov. 1, 1853 50-3t—9-tf

C. MYERS,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, of every description, whole sale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C

J. M. ROBINSON,
IMPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves, Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wilmington, N. C. [30v7-1y]

GABRIEL HOLMES,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS, WILMINGTON, N. C.
All business entrusted to him will be thankfully received and prompty attended to.
☞Office at the Cape Fear Bar, North Water Street.
Nov. 25th, 1853 12-tf

INSPECTOR'S NOTICE.
THE Subscriber has received the apointment of Inspector of NAVAL STORES, and solicits business from those having it in his line. JAMES I. BRYAN.
May 7, 1853 208-1w—37-tf

W. H. McKOY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market.
☞Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores and other produce.
☞Liberal advances made on consignment.
Wilmington, N.C., Nov. 2d, '53. 9-tf

J. M. ROBINSON.
Hardware Merchant, Wilmington, N. C.,
IS JUST receiving his fall supply of *warranted* Saws, Axes, Nails, Hollow-ware, Pocket, and Table, Cutlery, heavy plated Table Spoons and Forks, fine Tea Trays and Waiters, Brass and Common Andirons, Shovels and Tongs; a FULL ASSORTMENT of the *best* of Builders' Hardware; Mechanic's Tools of every variety, and warranted of superior quality; Ploughs, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, &c. Dec. 2, 1853 13

TO TRAVELLERS AND OTHERS.
THE undersigned has now completed arrangements, where by he is enabled to convey PASSENGERS from MARLSVILLE DEPOT, on the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road, to LONG CREEK, in New Hanover county. *Fare* $1, each way.
He is also prepared (with good Stables and an abundance of Provender,) to keep Horses for any length of time.—*Price* 60 cents per day. Those who may leave Horses with him, may rest assured they will be well cared for.
In a short time, he hopes to offer some better ENTERTAINMENT for his friends and others, who may favor him with their custom, than he has heretofore given them.
A liberal patronage is respectfully solicited, as the greatest efforts will be used to give satisfaction.
A. D. BORDEAUX.
MARLSVILLE DEPOT, 12 *miles from Wilmington.* 48-tf
August 5, 1853.

NOTICE.
THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between GRADY & MONK is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by them at their old stand. A. J. GRADY,
April 11th, 1854 J. M. MONK.

FURTHER NOTICE,
BEING desirous of closing up our old business as soon as possible, we now offer for sale at very low prices for cash our entire stock of goods consisting of Dry Goods, Hardware, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Liquors, etc. Persons having claims against the concern will please hand them in, and those indebted to us are requested to settle the same as soon as possible. A. J. GRADY,
J. M. MONK.
April, 11th 1854. 183-1w—32-3m
☞Weekly Fayettev. Observer and Goldsboro Patriot please copy 1 month.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.
Mulberry Street, bween Front and, North Water Streets, Wilmington N. C.
THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of the latest styles of CARRIAGES of his own manufacture, which he offers for sale at reduced prices; among which may be found—Rockaways and Coaches, with and without patent couplings, Dunam's Buggies, Waggons, Sulkies, &c.; also, all kinds of Harness. Repairing done at short notice, and in the best manner.
Also, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Hames, Trunks, Vallices, Carpet Bags, &c.
Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, all kinds of Carriage Trimmings. ISAAC WELLS.
Wilmington, Feb 3, 1854. 22-tf

WANTED.—50,000 lbs. Rags, for which we will pay the highest prices, in cash or trade.
UTLEY & ALDERMAN.

## EAGLE FOUNDRY.

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

THE Subscriber is now manufacturing Portable and Stationary Steam ENGINES and SAW MILLS of any required power, of the best materials and workmanship, and warranted to equal, in performance, any manufactured in this country, and upon the most favorable terms. From those engaged in lumber getting, he would ask a call and examination of his Engines, assuring them they shall be fully equal to what is represented, and regard being had to material and workmanship, and plan of construction inferior to none.
He also continues to manufacture his improved Tobacco Flattening Presses, Mills, &c.
Mill Machinery and other Castings, furnished and fitted up in the best style.
Reference:—Mr. JOHN CLARK, Wilmington, at Messrs. P. K. Dickinson & Co.
Feb. 16, 1854—34-6m PHILIP RAHM, Proprietor.

JAMES DAWSON,
*Next door to Polley & Hart,*
RESPECTFULLY informs Ladies wishing to purchase DRESS GOODS or EMBROIDERIES, or DRY GOODS of any description, if they will favor him with a call he will show them as rich, fashionable and cheap an assortment as ever was exhibited in this place. He has but one price, and that is marked in plain figures on every article.
April 20th, 1854.

## General Notices.

4200 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.
THE subscriber being desirous of moving to the West, offers his LANDS for sale, lying in Bladen county, on South River. The Lands are adapted to making Turpentine and Timber. There is a good Saw Mill in good running order, with Hotchkiss Wheels lately put in, and a never-failing stream. A first rate two story dwelling, with all necessary out-houses.
There is a large quantity of good Swamp Land, some already under cultivation, and a large body to clear.
The place is healthy, water good, and good society in the neighborhood. Any person wishing to buy lands would do well to give the lands and premises a look before buying elsewhere. The payments will be made easy and accommodating.
P. L. CROMARTIE.
Cypress Creek, Bladen, Nov. 8, 1853. [11-tf

BUILDING HARDWARE AND TOOL STORE EXCLUSIVELY.
The Largest Establishment of the kind in the U. S.
WM. M. M'CLURE & BRO., *No. 287 Market St., above 7th, Philadelphia.* Manufacturers' Depot for Locks of all kinds. Warranted quality; Pat. Silvered Glass Knobs, &c.; Premium Porcelain Knobs, over 100 Patterns; Silver Plated Hinges, &c., with the most complete assortment of all the modern patterns in this line. Builders and dealers are invited to call and examine our stock.
Illustrated Catalogues, sent by Mail if desired. Hot air Registers and Ventilators, at Factory prices.
Persons at a distance who wish to order Goods, and desire an estimate or particular description, can write to M'CLURE & BROTHER, and all information as to Goods and Prices will be given by return of mail.
All orders put up under the the immediate supervision of the firm. ☞ CALL AND SEE US.
March 3d, 1854 26-6m

FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale a TRACT OF LAND containing Two Thousand Acres, more or less, lying in New Hanover county, about ten miles from Wilmington, between the North-east and Cape Fear Rivers, and adjoining the lands of D. A. Moore and Thomas J. Sikes. Of the above, 75 acres are Rice land—ditched and cleared; there are on the lands 45,000 turpentine boxes, two years old, and a very large amount of valuable timber.—The improvements consist of two negro houses for hands.
Persons desirous of purchasing will learn further particulars by applying to the subscriber, six miles above Long Creek. E. D. WALKER, Jr.
November 4th, 1853 9-tf

$20 REWARD.
RUNAWAY from the subscriber, about the 5th ult., a negro man named ALFRED. Said Alfred is about 35 years old, dark complected, stout built, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, was hired from Mr. Wm. Barnes, of Edgecombe Co. A reward of $20 will be given for his delivery to us at Georgetown, S. C., or for his confinement in any jail so that we can get him.
DORTCH & BARNES.
Georgetown, S. C., Feb. 3d, 1854. 22-tf

$75 REWARD.
RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 20th June, 1852, his negro woman, JENNY. JENNY is a very likely girl; rather light complected; about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; and when spoken to she rather smiles. It is probable that she may be lurking in Duplin, Sampson or Wayne counties, near the line of the three counties. She was raised on Saracta, and may be gone there.
I will give a reward of Seventy-Five Dollars for the return of Jenny, or for her confinement in any of the Jails of the above named counties.
All letters upon the subject to be addressed to
WM. P. HOBBS.
Feb 3, '54—[22-tf] Monk's P O., Sampson co., N. C

$50 REWARD.
RANAWAY from the subscriber in August last, his negro man FLEMMING. Said negro is about 27 years old, is tall and likely; and is probably lurking somewhere between the Cove on the Cape Fear and Mr. H. Beatty's, on Black River, where he is well known. He formerly belonged to Mr. Augustus Miller, and afterwards to Dr. Buie, Bladen county, from whom the subscriber purchased him.
The above reward of fifty dollars will be paid for his delivery to me, or for his confinement in any jail in the State, so that I can get him again. JOSEPH GREEN.
Robeson's P. O., Brunswick co., Nov. 4th. 9-tf

$150 REWARD.
RUNAWAY from the subscriber, his Negro men, JOHN and TOBEY. JOHN is about 26 years old, 6 feet 1 inch high, weighs about 185 or 190 lbs. TOBEY aged about 22 years, 5 feet 9 inches high, stout, and weighs about 175 lbs. They were bought from Mr. James Surles, of Cumberland county, and will probably be lurking in that neighborhood. TOBEY has a wife at Mr. Richard Bird's, in Johnston county. Fifty Dollars for either, or One Hundred Dollars for both, will be paid for their apprehension and delivery to the subscriber, or for their confinement in any Jail in the State, so that he can get them. An additional sum of One Hundred Dollars will be paid for the conviction of any person of harboring the above Negroes.
JOHN COLEY.
Fair Bluff, Columbus county, N. C., Oct. 6. [28-1t—5-tf
☞Fayetteville Carolinian copy tf.

PORTRAIT PAINTING.
MR. MASSALON, Portrait Painter, most respectfully announces to the citizens of Wilmington and surrounding country, that he has taken rooms over the store of Mr. Agostini, on Market street, where Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine his Paintings.
Persons wishing Daguerreotypes copied, can have it done by him as true as if taken from life.
December 10, 1853. 81-5t—16-6m

VAN RENSSELAER PEIRSON,
WITH
WILCOX, PERRY & EACKER:
WHOLESALE DEALERS in Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Tailors' Trimmings, No. 42 Dey street (Marble Front,) and 200 Fulton street, New York.
LESTER WILCOX, GEO. T. PERRY, JR, JOHN H. EACKER.

V. R. PEIRSON,
(LATE OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,)
WOULD most respectfully solicit a call from his North Carolina friends to the above firm, where one of the most complete stock of goods may be found. I am a practical Tailor, and from long experience, enables me to judge well the wants and qualities of goods suited to the best interest of the trade. I firmly pledge myself, to all reposing confidence in my judgment, to be fairly dealt with.
All orders addressed to me shall have immediate dispatch. I most cheerfully offer my services to any of my friends who favor me with custom, to attend to any little matter in the city, free of charge.
Jan. 30, 1854. 123-3t—22tf

TO MILL OWNERS.
THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public that he still continues in the Mill Wright business and all its branches, viz: foundering, framing, and erecting Water or Steam Mills upon various principles, either with simple or complicated machinery. He returns his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has received heretofore, and hopes by strict attention to business, and by giving general satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same. He flatters himself that his work will compete with that of any other machinist for speed and durability. All persons who want work done in the above line would do well to give him a call, as he has several competent workmen in his employ, and is prepared to execute all jobs at the shortest notice and on very reasonable terms. Orders promptly attended to. For further information address the subscriber at Johnsonville, Cumberland county, N. C.
D. B. JOHNSON.
Feb. 15 1854. 24-1y

NOTICE.—I offer for sale my House and Lot, situated in the town of Kenansville. The Lot contains about an acre and a half, with a comfortable dwelling house, and all necessary out buildings in good repair. Economy and convenience are both consulted in the arrangement of the Lot. It is situated North of the Court House, about two hundred yards from said building, and has the advantage of being sufficiently private for a family residence. It is considered by persons who have visited it, to be decidedly the most desirable lot in the village. Persons desirous of educating their children have every facility, as there is at the present time a very fine School in operation. I am determined to dispose of my lot, and persons desiring a comfortable residence will do well to call and examine the premises.
A. HOLMES.
Kenansville, Duplin Co., March 3rd, 1854 26-wtf

ATLANTIC RAILING WORKS and FOUNDRY
MANUFACTURE THE WELL KNOWN
"COMPOSITE IRON RAILING,"
WHICH is so called because composed of Wrought and Cast Iron, connected without rivets or joints, the ornaments and connections being melted around the Wrought Iron in Metallic Moulds, making each pannel, as it were, one solid piece, and avoiding all crevices where rust generally commences. It may be made light like WIRE RAILING, or heavy like CAST IRON RAILING. This Railing is unequalled for Cheapness, Strength and Durability, and is peculiarly adapted to CEMETERY LOTS, because it never needs repairs.
Also, *a new style* of FARM FENCE, at $5 00 per 16 feet, easily transported and set, and very much liked.
Also, all kinds of Wrought and Cast Iron Fences, Verandahs, Balconies, &c. Machinery and other Castings to order.
Designs and further information, sent to any address, post free, by GEORGE FOSTER, Agent,
398 Brodway, corner of Walker St.,
March 10, 1854.—27-3m New York.

FOR SALE,
A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, and also two vacant lots adjoining the same, on Harnett street, in the Northern portion of the town of Wilmington. The House is nearly new and in good order, having been recently painted. It is now occupied by a good tenant, at a rent of $200 per annum. There is an insurance of $1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Mutual Insurance Company.
For further particulars, enquire of
Feb. 17.—24-tf] WM. H. LASPEYRE.

## General Notices.

FINAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the late firm of B. & R. C. Hallett, Long Creek, either by note or account, that their several liabilities will be put into officer's hands for collection if not paid before the 1st day of Ju'y next, to Mr. R. Henning, at Long Creek.
B. HALLETT,
May 12, '54.—w3t. Surviving Partner.

TO TURPENTINE MAKERS!
THE Subscriber having located himself at Black River, at the site known as Beatty's Bridge, is prepared to purchase Turpentine delivered at his landing, at Wilmington prices, less the difference of Freight.
JNO. S. JAMES.
May 6th, 1854 206-1t-36-tf

20 DOLLARS REWARD.
THE above reward will be given for the apprehension and delivery to the subscriber's or in any Jail in the State; *either* of the following named negro fellows, viz: ABRAM, STEPHEN, and ROBERT. The two first are owned by Mr. Fred'k Swann and formerly belonged to Dan'l Fleming, Esq.
Abram is rather small in statue, thin visage, and walks at times a little lame, is about 40 years old. Stephen is rather stout, has a great deal of hair about his face, is about 40 years old, and we are inclined to think will attempt to make his way to Chapel Hill, where he has a wife belonging to Mr. George Moore. Robert is a short, stout negro, has rather a down cast look, and is lame in his left leg, is about 50 years old; when last seen had on an old white hat (slightly brown from age,) he may be lurking about Mr. John Hall's plantation, Brunswick county, where he has a wife, he is owned by Mrs Langdon. CUTLAR & PIERCE.
May 5, '54 d2t—36-tf

Administrator's Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the Estate of David H. Williams, deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment and settlement; also, all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pead in bar of their recovery. A. F. POWELL, Adm'r
May 12, 1854—36-8t

MARBLE, STONE AND SLATE YARD
*IN WILMINGTON.*
THE subscriber respectfully notifies the public that he has recently established in this town, a new MARBLE, STONE and SLATE YARD, and is now prepared to fill all orders for Monuments, Tombs, Furniture and Plumbing work.
Also, all kinds of Marble for building purposes
Also, Flagging and Curb Stone.
Blue, Green and Variegated Slate for fire-proof roofing furnished at reasonable rates.
Orders attended to with dispatch, and on moderate terms.
Marble Yard on Water street, near the Railroad.
W. G. MILLIGAN.
May 1st, 1854 35-1y

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
THE subscriber, being desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale all his LANDS in the County of Duplin, viz: one tract containing upwards of six hundred acres, adjoining and within the corporate limits of the town of Kenansville, four hundred acres of which are cleared and well adapted to farming purposes, on which there are two large and comfortable dwellings, with all necessary out houses in good repair, also a new building just completed and admirably arranged for a Lawyer's or Doctor's office. On the above tract there are a number of choice lots for private residences, or other purposes, which will command ready sale and high prices. This tract will be divided if necessary, to suit two or more purchasers.
Another tract known as the Sloan and Maxwell Lands, lying on both sides of the W. & R. Rail Road, for three miles South of Stricklands Depot, containing upwards of 2500 acres, six hundred of which are cleared and well adapted to the growth of Corn, Peas, Potatoes, &c. There is a good Grist and Saw-mill on said tract, a good dwelling and out houses, six setts of Turpentine boxes, and an abundance of lightwood. Another tract lying on the road leading from Kenansville to Fayetteville, and within three miles of Warsaw, containing 500 acres, 300 of which are cleared, and in a high state of improvement, with comfortable buildings in good repair.—Also one other tract lying in the County of Onslow, adjoining the lands of John A. Bryan, Joab Fountain and others, containing 1350 acres of timbered land of the finest quality There are two setts of new boxes, and enough round pines to cut six setts more.
The subscriber solicits for the above described lands the early attention of purchasers, and assures them good bargains, and accommodating terms, as he is determined to sell
He may be addressed at Kenansville, N. C.
March 3, '54.—26-w3m. DANIEL C. MOORE.

A. B. McCALEB, H. D. GILBERT.
McCALEB & GILBERT
WOULD respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they are now doing business in the store lately occupied by C. B. Miller, near the Market Dock, where they have on hand a large assortment of goods of every variety and description, which they offer at the lowest market prices to those who are disposed to favour them with a call. We are receiving goods in our line by almost every Packet, and expect to receive a full supply of every description of goods in our line The following will comprise a part of our stock: Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes of every description, Hardware, Earthen and Glasware, Stone and Holloware, Cutlery, Nails, Groceries consisting of a variety of Teas, crushed, granulated, powdered and Coffee Sugars, Rio and Laguira Coffees, best Goshen Butter In short any variety of Groceries and Provisions, that are sold in this Market, together with a full assortment of Ploughs, Cornshellers and Strawcutters, &c.
Persons residing in the country will please send their orders and they shall meet withdispatch.
March 24, 1854 28-3m

"EAGLE HOTEL" FOR SALE!
I am authorized by the owner of the Eagle Hotel, at Chapel Hill, to offer it for sale. Miss HILLIARD, who has been in possession of it for about twenty years, desires to retire to a more private life.
This Hotel is probably as good property of the kind as is to be found in the State. Its income for several years past has ranged from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars a year; and at present is rather beyond the latter amount As buyers will probably examine the property for themselves, any farther description here is unnecessary.
Possession will be surrendered on the 10th of June, if desired.
For further information, address the subscriber at Chapel Hill, N. C. SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS.
April 21, 1854 33-3m

NOTICE.
THE subscriber having been appointed, at March term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of New Hanover county, an INSPECTOR OF TIMBER AND LUMBER, respectfully offers his services to those having business in his line, pledging himself to attend to such business promptly and with fidelity. WM. L. JACOBS.
Wilmington, April 21, 1854 33-6m

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
THE undersigned having qualified as Executors to the last Will and Testament of DANIEL S SANDERS, dec'd, at March Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for New Hanover county, hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment. And all persons having claims against the said estate will present the same, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
JAMES M STEVENSON,
JOHN N SANDERS,
April, 14th 1854—32-2m Executors.

800 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.
THE undersigned, being desirous of moving to the West, offers his Land for sale, lying in Sampson county, on the East side of the Six Runs, about ten miles S. E. of Clinton, adjoining the Lands of Lewis Carroll and Archibald Matthews. Of the above about 350 acres are exellent Swamp Land, of which 150 acres are ditched and cleared.—There are on the Land about 20,000 Turpentine boxes, and a large amount of valuable Timber. The improvements consist of two Dwelling Houses, situated about one half mile from each other, with all the necessary out buildings.—Persons desirous of purchasing will learn further particulars by applying to the subscriber, at "Six Runs P. O., Sampson county, N. C." GEO W. LAMB.
March 31st, 1854 30-2m

NOTICE.
THE undersigned having entered into a co-partnership for the execution of HOUSE, SHIP and SIGN PAINTING, solicit a share of public patronage, and will give prompt attention to any orders with which they may be favored.
☞Shop over Mr. T. Lucas' Tin Shop, on Dock street.
L. H. BUNN,
JOHN J. BLANEY.
March 14th, 1854 28-6m—160-3t

LAND FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers his Lands in Duplin county for sale, six miles east of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad, immediately on the road leading from Fayetteville to New-Berne, two miles from Kenansville, and within one mile of one of the best schools in the State.
The tract contains two hundred and sixty-five acres, about one fourth of which is cleared and under a high state of cultivation, with a good dwelling and necessary out-houses. It is a healthy situation.
Terms easy. For particulars, apply to J. B. Kelley, Esq., at Kenansville, or to the subscriber at Wilmington, N. C.
March 10—27-tf] DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND.

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD.
THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable rates.
SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, executed as well as can be done either North or South.
The best of reference can be given if required.
March 10 1854—27-tf JAMES McLARANAN.

50 BUSH. BLACK Eye Peas, for sale by
[May 5.] UTLY & ALDERMAN.

50 KEG NAILS, for sale by
[May 5.] UTLY & ALDERMAN.

## Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED—10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry and in Oil; 200 lbs. Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil.
A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
Feb. 23 ] Druggist and Chemist.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by
WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Cr. Tartar; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Snda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipecac.
For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
Feb. 23.] Druggist and Chemist.

JUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA:—
1 case Sulph. Quinine; 50 ozs. Calomel;
10 ozs. Sulph. and Acetate Morphene;
25 ozs. Cinchonia; 5 ozs. Salarine;
25 ozs. Blue Mass; 10 ozs. Chloroform;
19 bbls. Epsom Salts, and a choice collection of Chemicals from the Labratories of Poms & Weightman and Chas Ellis. For sale cheap at C. & D. DuPRE'S,
June 10] Drug and Chemical Store, Market-st.

OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Linseed, Train, Lard, Fish, Elephant, Whale and Sperm Oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

HUTCHESON'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT.
*For Piles, Ulcers, Fresh Cuts, White Swellings, Sore Breasts of Females, Sore Throat, and all kinds of Cutaneous Diseases.*
IN PILES—that common and annoying disease—it never fails to effect a cure, no matter in what form or of how long standing, if faithfully administered. The proprietors have in their possession a large number of Certificates, from some of the most respectable citizens in the State of Virginia, who have been relieved by its use, a number of which accompany each Box. We give the following:
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Va., Nov. 8th, 1851.
MR. HUTCHESON—
*Dear Sir:*—I take pleasure in saying that the box of your Pile Ointment I obtained from you, has entirely cured me; it gave me relief in fifteen minutes after making the first application.
I had been afflicted with Piles for eight or ten years, and had tried a number of remedies, without any benefit. I think your remedy superior to any I have ever tried.
Yours, respectfully,
CHRISTIAN BAKER
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Oct. 9th, 1853.
MR HUTCHESON—
*Dear Sir:*—I feel it to be my duty to say a word upon the merits of your Celebrated Ointment. I am constrained, from experience, to pronounce it the best Healing and Pain Killing Agent I have ever seen employed. A few months since, my little son got one of his legs broken, after which he was carried a considerable distance, which caused extreme soreness of the broken limb; I applied your Ointment, and in less than three hours all soreness had disappeared. A short time since, a member of my family was taken with malignant sore throat, and I unhesitatingly say that, within one hour after the first application, he was almost entirely relieved. I write for the benefit of the suffering.
Yours, &c.,
J. G. SPERRY
Prepared by W. HUTCHESON & CO., Amsterdam, Botetourt county, Va. Price—50 cents and $1 each per bottle.
☞For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by Wm. H. Lippitt, Druggist.
December 2d, 1853 13-6m

"TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION."
ONWARD MARCH!
Hampton's Vegetable Tincture Victorious.
DISEASE FALLS BEFORE IT.
*More than Gold to the Sick.*—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina.
CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853.
*Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:*—The sale of your HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TICTURE is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest Remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them.
Please send me as soon as possible a supply of the Tincture.
I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT.
REV. VERNON ESKRIDGE, U. S. N. PORTSMOUTH, Va., Aug. 18, 1851.
MR. J. E. BOUSH—SIR: While I am in general opposition to Patent Medicines, candor compels me to state that I have great confidence in the virtues of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. For several months past I have used it in my family, and in dispepsia, loss of appetite, dizziness and general debility, with entire success. So far as my experience extends, therefore, I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted, as a safe and efficient remedy.
I am respectfully yours,
VERNON ESKRIDGE, Chaplain U. S. Navy.
Great Cure of Rheumatism by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture!
CHESTER DISTRICT, S. C., January 3d, 1853.
MESSRS. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY—Gentlemen: For the last five years I have been a severe sufferer from Rheumatism, till seeing your recommendation of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture," I purchased a bottle, and the first dose has so much relieved me that I consider it but justice to give to the suffering world the result of the application
Mine was Acute Rheumatism in the back—so bad that I was confined to my bed for the last six months. The first bottle acted like a charm; the second restored strength to my poor afflicted back, and am now as well and feel as young as when I was sixteen. I am now seventy-four years of age.
I consider your Tincture the greatest discovery of the age; and poor suffering humanity ought to erect a monument to Dr. Hampton, who has saved thousands from pain. And you, gentlemen, have acted the part of public benefactors in disseminating the benefits which have resulted from your invaluable remedy.
I am a plain cotton planter, and have never written for literary fame; but when my fellow beings are afflicted, shall I hesitate, or through modesty, withhold any information valuable to my fellow man? So, if you consider this worthy of a place in any of your newspapers, you are at liberty to make use of it.
Yours, truly with, ALVAH KENDALL.
☞HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, by its mild action on the Stomach, Liver, and the Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung Affection; Pains in the Back, Side, and Breast; Consumption, Scrofula, Rhematism, Gout, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaints, Worms, Nervous Debility—with all the diseases arising from impure blood, and is the greatest Female Medicine ever known.
Call and get a pamphlet with certificates of cures, gratis.
☞Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Baltimore street, Baltimore; and 304 Broadway, New York. Call and get a Pamphlet gratis; sold by C. & D. DuPRE, Wilmington, N. C., and by Druggists generally. 44—

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
To the Virginia Springs.
PERSONS wishing to go to the Virginia Springs will find the following Route, the cheapest best and most expeditious.
Leave Augusta or Charleston for Wilmington every morning, then the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road to Weldon, then Petersburg and Roanoke R. R. to Petersburg, and Richmond R. R. to Richmond, Va.
Passengers who arrive in Richmond in the morning Train from the South, will take the Richmond and Fredericksburg R. R. to the Junction of the Virginia Central R. R., then the Central R. R. to Staunton, Va., the same evening.
From Staunton to the White Sulphurs is only 90 miles Staging, and will be reduced to 55 by the 4th of July—good Roads and good Stages—old and experienced drivers.
Passengers arriving in Richmond, Va., by the evening Line, will stop all night and take the Train in the morning for Staunton.
To add to this line, Passengers will pass through Charlottsville. See the University of Virginia and the Residence of Thomas Jefferson, (Monticello) through Staunton, seeing all the public Institutions in Staunton. The Deaf and Dumb, Lunatic and Blind Asylums are worth seeing.
B. F. DARRACOTT, Through Agent.
May 12th, 1854 36-1m

Coach and Carriage Manufactory—Clinton, N. C.
BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the right for the county of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, elegance and durability.
☞REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. ☞Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted for ten years, for $10.
Clinton, May 12, 1854—36-tf.

THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE HAS BEEN ORDERED by the Post Master General, and goes into operation on this road to-day:
Leave Raleigh at 8 A. M., and reach Weldon at 1 P. M., time for the Express train to Wilmington.
Leave Weldon at 1½ P. M., and reach Raleigh at 6½ P. M.
Office Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co. } 2-tf
September 6th, 1853. }

TALLOW WANTED.—The highest market prices will be paid for Tallow, by WESSE

# THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1854.


FOR GOVERNOR,
**THOMAS BRAGG**
Of Northampton.

### Democrats of Wilmington, Attend!

The Democratic citizens of the two Captains' Districts of Wilmington are requested to meet at the Court House on Monday evening next, the 29th inst., at eight o'clock, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic County Convention, to be held here on Tuesday of June County Court week.—A full attendance is earnestly requested.

### The Appointment of Delegates.

The meeting held at March county court recommends the last Saturday in May as the best time for holding a meeting for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic County Convention. Saturday evening, however, is generally a busy time in town, and it might be inconvenient for many of our friends to attend a meeting held on that evening; we have, therefore, thought it best to give notice for the holding of the meeting, for the appointment of delegates, on Monday night, so as to make it most convenient to all. The call is for both the Districts at once, which, we believe, has been the usual method. It would be difficult to get up separate meetings, besides entailing unnecessary trouble. We ask for a full attendance.

### The Bar Convention.

The Convention assembled in the Court House today at 11 o'clock. On motion of Col. Jas. T. Miller, of Wilmington, the Convention was temporarily organized by calling Owen Kenan, Esq., of Duplin, to the Chair, and appointing Almond McKoy, Esq., of Sampson, Secretary.

On motion of George Davis, Esq., of Wilmington, a committee consisting of Messrs. Strange, Reid and Davis, was appointed by the Chair to wait on his Excellency Gov. Reid, and invite him to take a seat in the Convention.

On motion of Col. Miller the delegates from the various counties were requested to record their names on the Secretary's books.

On motion of Robert Strange, Esq., of New Hanover, a committee of one from each county, was appointed to report officers for the permanent organization of the convention. The convention adjourned to meet again at three o'clock, P. M.

*Daily Journal, 25th inst.*

### Steamboat Accident.

A dispatch received this morning, dated Fayetteville, May 25th, states that there was a collision between steamer Governor Graham, and Fanny Lutterloh last night—the latter sunk in three minutes; the Graham was leaking badly.

The Fanny Lutterloh had on board, a number of delegates to the Bar Convention which assembled here this forenoon. We have heard no further particulars.

*Daily Journal, 25th inst.*

### Summary of the News.

The news by the Europa that a French Brig had been captured by the American privateer Grape Shot appears to be incorrect. The Crescent City at New York reports the Grape Shot as being at anchor off New Orleans on the 12th, which renders it impossible that she could have been off the British coast in the beginning of the month. It appears by more recent accounts, that in the bombardment of Odessa by the allied fleets, all the batteries, fortifications and military stores were destroyed, two powder magazines blown up, twelve vessels of war sunk and thirteen taken loaded with munitions of war. The vessels are chiefly small. The business part of the town was not injured.

Omar Pasha seems to have gained some advantages, and will perhaps be able to hold the Russians in check until the arrival of the allies, who are endeavoring to open the mouths of the Danube so as to approach the seat of war in that way. The next advices will be looked for with interest.

We find in our exchanges various details of the fall of the celebrated Suspension Bridge over the Ohio River, at Wheeling, Va. The Editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer states that he had been on the Bridge only two minutes before the accident, but finding the swinging motion of the Bridge become violent, had come off. The whole mass heaved and dashed with tremendous violence. The cables were mostly torn out of their anchorage in the heavy masonry, and with such force were they jerked that one stone weighing 1,500 pounds was thrown a distance of some feet. The Bridge cost $160,000. The loss is about $80,000.

On Thursday last, the Legislature of Connecticut elected two United States Senators:—Francis Gillette (Free-Soiler) for the unexpired term of Truman Smith, and Lafayette S. Foster (Whig) for the full term of six years from March 4th, 1855, to March 6th, 1861. This distribution shows part of the terms of compact between the coalition by which the Democrats were defeated at the recent election in that State.

The Philadelphia Mint has got out a new three cent piece, all silver, to take the place of the mulatto coin of that denomination now in circulation.

The arrival of a French Squadron at Havana attracts considerable attention, although there may be nothing in it.

The affairs of the Post Office Department begin to attract the serious attention of the country. Under the existing arrangements and rates of postage the Department cannot sustain itself, nor extend to the country the facilities of which it stands in need. The compensation to post-masters is, generally speaking, inadequate, and new routes cannot be established on account of the expenses for which the finances of the Department do not allow. A return to higher rates of postage will hardly be resorted to; but it is evident that if the Department is to sustain itself, something must be done. A great reform, or abolition of the franking privilege is spoken of. The compensation given to the European and California steamers is enormous and out of all proportion. These sea-steamers are terrible burdens on the Department.

The French Government seems determined that the war with Russia shall not postpone the Great exhibition of Art and Industry, to take place next year in Paris. It is to be, if possible, still greater and more splendid than that at London.

### The Mode of Applying Postage Stamps.

Everybody has heard of the man who was directed by his physician to rub himself or be rubbed down with brandy, but who preferred applying the liquor internally, and rubbing himself outwardly with the bottle. Although this rule might have worked well enough in his case, we would venture to suggest that postage stamps are intended for external application, and answer their purposes much better when placed on the outside than inside of a letter. This we know experimentally, for we received a letter a few days since, postage unpaid, on opening which we found enclosed a three cent postage stamp, intended, no doubt, for the prepayment of the letter; but, as it turned out, we were minus the difference between five and three cents, from which we are lead to believe that the usual custom of sticking the stamp on the outside is a decided improvement and worthy of being followed in all cases. When on the outside, the postmaster can see the stamp and mark the letter "paid" on his way-bill, which he cannot conveniently do in the other way. In this thing of postage stamps, as in a good many others, we like the *old* way best, and hope our correspondents generally will not adopt the *new* one.

MATT. F. WARD.—Matt. F. Ward, the murderer of Butler, ask, for a suspension of public opinion. Public opinion has already demanded a suspension of him.

### The Democratic County Convention.

At the Democratic County meeting held at the Court House in Wilmington, on Tuesday of March County Court, the following resolutions among others, was unanimously adopted:

9. *Resolved*, That that this meeting recommend to the Democrats in the different Captains' Districts throughout the County the holding of meetings in their respective Districts, to appoint delegates to a County Convention to be held at Wilmington, on Tuesday of June County Court week, for the purpose of nominating candidates to represent New Hanover county in the next Senate and House of Commons of North Carolina.

The meeting also recommended the last Saturday in May as a suitable time for holding these meetings. Of course this could only be in the nature of a suggestion, as circumstances in each district might perhaps present themselves calculated to indicate different times as more convenient. However, as the time for the meeting of the Convention is close at hand, being only two weeks from Tuesday next, it is absolutely necessary that the various districts should take active measures to be represented, and that these measures should be taken in such a manner as to secure a bona fide representation of the Democratic voters of each district and such a one as will give satisfaction to those sending them.

We would suggest that such districts as conveniently can, should hold meetings for the appointment of delegates at the time and place recommended that is, at the usual place of meeting in each district, at 12 o'clock on Saturday next, the 27th inst., and that those who cannot make it so convenient will settle upon some subsequent day, say Saturday of next week, so that all may be fully and fairly represented.

### The Passage of the Nebraska Bill.

At length the "long agony" in the House is over, and the Bill has passed that body by a vote of 113 to 100. The mode in which a final vote was reached appears from the report to have been as follows:

Mr. Stephens of Georgia, moved in committee of the whole House to strike out the enacting clause of the Bill, with a view to cut off all amendments and to report the Bill to the House to be voted upon. In support of this motion he read the 119th rule, as follows:

"A motion to strike out the enacting words of a bill shall have precedence of a motion to amend; and if carried, shall be considered equivalent to its rejection."

If the committee would strike out the enacting clause, the bill could be reported to the House without further amendments. When in the House, the question would be upon agreeing to that report. The friends of the bill would then vote it down. It would then be in order, after that vote was taken, for the Committee on Territories [Mr. Richardson] to move the adoption of his substitute, which they all wished to vote upon. The friends of the bill, standing together then, could be brought to a vote directly upon the measure. In this way they would get rid of those continuous motions to amend the bill. He made this motion because he thought it was time the House should be voting on the bill. The friends and enemies of the measure had discussed it in the Senate and in the House and through the country.—The mind of every man, he had no doubt, was made up. Already motions had been made to amend it in its important features, and one motion——

Mr. Giddings objected to the motion as not being in order. The Chairman decided that the motion was in order.

Mr. Rogers felt it due to himself to introduce an amendment to the Bill. He said his constituents expected that he would move to amend the bill by adding the Clayton Proviso. Objected to.

The question recured on the motion of the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. Stephen] to strike out the enacting clause; on which tellers were ordered.

Mr. Dean. Let the minority refuse to vote and leave the house without a quorum. Oppose tyranny by revolution! [Cries of "order," 'order," and great confusion in the hall.]

The tellers reported 102 in the affirmative.

Messrs. Sage, Farley, and others called upon the minority not to vote

The Chairman decided the question carried. But a vote in the negative being called for, it was taken and reported—22.

The bill being reported to the House after various motions, the report of the Committee (striking out the amending clause,) was not concurred in. The previous question was moved and sustained, and at a quarter past eleven at night the question on the final passage of the Bill was taken and decided in the affirmative. Yays 113; nays 100.

Mr. Richardson moved to reconsider the vote, by which the Bill was agreed to, and to lay that motion upon the table.

The motion was agreed to and the House at half past eleven o'clock adjourned.

GODEY FOR JUNE.—We have received Godey's Ladies' Book for June from the publisher, Louis A. Godey, Esq, Philadelphia, and are also indebted to Mr. Whitaker, Bookseller, Market Street, for a copy of the same popular Ladies' Magazine, which has its usual attractions. The select plate of Eastport, Maine, on Passamaquoddy Bay, is really a beautiful affair Price $3 a year; 25 cents a number.

☞ We have also from Mr. Whitaker, a handsomely bound volume published by Charles Scribner, 145 Nassau Street, New York, entitled "The Myrtle Wreath, or Stray Leaves recalled, by Minnie Myrtle.' A pleasant book for summer reading.

Also, from Whitaker's, "Yankee Notions" for June, a comical affair, with cuts innumerable and some of them very good indeed.

WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY.—TARGET PRACTICE.—The prize for the three best average shots, on Saturday, was taken by private O. G. Parsley, Jr., and presented, in the name of the Company, by Adam Empie, Esq., one of the invited guests, who accompanied the presentation with some appropriate remarks. The shooting was generally good.

THE CUBAN AFFAIR.—There appears to be actually nothing new with reference to this much talked of question. We meet all sorts of rumors and surmises in the papers, all of which are merely rumor and surmise. One thing appears not to be fully understood, namely—the demand for $300,000 indemnity made by Mr. Soule on account of the seizure of the Black Warrior. The sum demanded was for the vessel and cargo, which, at the date of Mr. Soule's demand, had not, to his knowledge, been given up. Although $300,000 might justly have been considered an exorbitant estimate for the damages incurred by detention it would have been perhaps about fair had the vessel and cargo not been given up. Of course under existing circumstances that portion of the demand will be modified.

☞ The price of the New York Herald is to be raised from two to three cents per single copy. The enhanced cost of every element entering into the production of a paper has necessitated this change, which will probably be followed by the Tribune and Times. Among the popular errors of the day is a very general notion that, let what will rise, newspapers and the price of printing ought steadily to decline—although a little reflection will show that the augmented cost of living must operate to increase the cost of publishing as well as of everything else.

We have no idea of raising the prices of subscription or advertising for any of our issues, but circumstanceses compel us to adopt and adhere strictly to the rule of charging for the insertion of *all* notices, with the exception of deaths and marriages. Justice to ourselves, and to our advertisers, renders this rule *imperative*. We are daily and hourly importuned for notices by travelling agents of all sorts. To these gentlemen our advertising columns are open on the same terms as to others, and *not otherwise*. *We cannot work for nothing.*

### Meeting in Charlotte, N. C.

We learn from the Columbia South Carolinian of the 22d, that a large and enthusiastic meeting was held in Charlotte on Wednesday last, with reference to a Road proposed to be built from Charlotte to Wilmington, about 120 miles in length, [from its junction with the Wilmington & Manchester Road, we presume,] being one link in a Road to be called the "Atlantic, Ohio and Tennessee Railroad," connecting Wilmington by the most direct route with the Valley of the Mississippi. At the meeting, Dr. Fox read letters from citizens of Tennessee and Wilmington, and resolutions adopted by a recent meeting of the latter, expressing the interest felt by the people of those sections in this great enterprise, and inviting the co-operation of the citizens of Charlotte. Resolutions approving and endorsing the work were passed, and delegates appointed to the Convention to meet at Wilmington on the 25th inst.

We trust that Dr. Fox, and as many more of the delegates appointed as possibly can, will make it convenient to be with us this week. We know the public spirit and energy of our fellow-citizens of Charlotte as well as the rapid growth of their town in wealth and importance, and are much pleased to find them cordially co-operating with us in the effort to inaugurate a North Carolina system with a North Carolina spirit, especially as the tendencies of that portion of the State have heretofore been, from the necessities of their position, towards South Carolina. Every day more fully convinces us that we have entered upon a new era—a North Carolina era, and that the jealousies that have divided and injured our State are rapidly giving way.—*Daily Journal, 23d inst.*

☞ Abel Monroe, the "Know-Nothing" candidate for Alderman, in Boston, has been elected by 1,500 majority.

☞ The Episcopal Convention of North Carolina, which has been in session here has adjourned. We understand that a large number of persons have been baptised and confirmed.

☞ THOS. RITCHIE, JR., one of the Editors of the Richmond Enquirer, died at his residence in Richmond, Va., on the 22d inst., after a painful and protracted illness, in the 35th year of his age.

### Steamers to Wilmington.

We learn with much pleasure that, in addition to the steamer Calhoun, which is already advertised to leave for Wilmington on Sunday next, the steamer Nina and the steamer Carolina will also be placed on the route, leaving this port on the succeeding Tuesday and Thursday, thus forming a tri-weekly line of superior steamers between the two cities.

The establishment of this line is an experiment, and its continuance will, of course, depend upon the amount of encouragement afforded to it. The present mail arrangements have loaded Charleston with disadvantages and inconviences so serious and so generally felt, that we should hope there would be a unanimous feeling in our community to support the new enterprise by every means in their power. They may thus recover, in great part, what they have lost, and in addition to the substantial advantages thereby secured, they will have the satisfaction of feeling that they owe them to their own exertions.—*Charleston Mercury.*

NEW ORLEANS, May 22.—The steamer Illinois arrived here this morning from Aspinwall with San Francisco dates to the 1st inst.

The steamer United States left Aspinwall on the 17th instant for New York, $700,000 in specie.

The markets in San Francisco were dull. Gallego and Haxall Flour quoted at $12.

Col. Fremont arrived at San Francisco April 16th, with only twenty men, completely exhausted.

Accounts from the mining districts were favorable.

It was reported that Santa Anna, on the 5th, summoned Acapulco to surrender. Alvarez refused to comply with the demand, sallied out, took 300 prisoners, and Santa Anna fled.

### N. C. District Tent.

The following officers were elected for the present year by the N. C. District Tent, I. O of Rechabites, in session in this town on Tuesday last:

Wm. Sutton, D. P. C. R.
T. Southmayd, D. C. R.
Thos. J. Stewart, D. D. R.
Wm. Larkins D. R. S.
H. M. Bishop, D. T.
D. J. Greer, D. F. S.
James M. Howard, D. L.
Wm. N. Bragg, D. C.

The *District Council* is composed of the followig members:

Jos. M. Foy, John T. Hewett, E. D. Hall.
P. D. D. R., W. L. Jacobs, Rept. to Hight Tent.
P. D. D. C. R., J. J. Conoly, Alt'te " "

The affairs of the Institution, we believe, are in a flourishing condition.

COAST LIGHTS FOR THE U. STATES.—A Paris letter in the N. York Express has the following.

"The large number of coast light-houses ordered by our Government of the two manufactories in Paris are in a forward state of complesion. Four or five hundred workman, comprising nearly all engaged in that line of business in Paris, are occupied on the American contract. There are but three establishments in the world for the manufacture of the improved French light, two in Paris, and one in St. Petersburg.

EMIGRANTS FOR LIBERIA.—On Thursday, the 19th inst., the agent of the Virginia Colonization Society, embarked on board the ship Sophia Walker, in Hampton, Roads, 116 colored emigrants, for Liberia. They were from

| | |
|---|---|
| Bottetourt county, Va., | 14 |
| Manchester, Va. | 3 |
| Petersburg, Va. | 2 |
| Norfolk City, Va. | 1 |
| Elizabeth City, N. C. | 15 |
| Henrico county, Va. | 39 |
| Richmond City, | 1 |
| Nansemond county, Va. | 16* |
| King George county Va. | 7 |
| Amherst county, Va. | 18 |
| | 116 |

*Liberated by the late Joseph Bunch, Esq.

The Sophia Walker brought down 97 from Baltimore, and is expected to take on board others at Savannah.

Quite a large number of emigrants are expected to go out in the next fall ship from Petersburg, Richmond, Portsmouth, Norfolk City and the Western Branch. The spirit of emigration to Liberia is increasing Several applicants for passage in the Sophia Walker were refused a passage for want of room.—*Norforik Herald.*

METHODIST PROTESTANT CONFERENCE.—The Committee on Slavery, in the General Conference now sitting in Steubenville, have reported the following resolution as the result of their labors.

"The special committee appointed to take into consideration the following resolution from the North Illinois Conference, viz: That our delegates be instructed to use their efforts to secure a solemn expression of that body against the evils and sinfulness of slavery. The report was as folllows: That the North Illinois Conference not having asked an opinion on the subject of slavery,

Resolved, Therefore that this General Conference has no authority in the premises."

This report is signed by Dr. Laishly, Dr. Tevis, C. W. Button and J. Tevis. Rev. Mr. Young, from the minority of the Comuittee, reported as follows:

Resolved, That in our opinion American slavery is a sin, *at least under some circumstances.*

A NEW AFRICAN REPUBLIC.—The late advices from the Cape of Good Hope announce the organization of a new Republic England has withdrawn her control over the Orange river sovereignty and a provisional government has been established by the inhabitants, and a President elected. They declare the only bulwark of their national existence is unity and the establishment of churches and schools among them. The new republic, though small in population, has an immense extent of territory, The colonists, now that gold has been discovered there, do not appear willing to allow the country to slide from their grasp, and at Cape Town a petition to the Queen has been numerously signed, praying her to re-annex it to her dominions.

☞ Newspapers, everywhere, must raise their prises, if their proprietors mean to keep out of bankruptcy. So says the Philidelphia Sun.

☞ It is stated that $460,000 of the stock of the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad have been subscribed at Raleigh, by a company from the North.

### Correspondence.

WILMINGTON, May 18, 1854.

MY DEAR SIR:—In a speech made by General Dockery in this place on the 1st inst., he charged in substance that you were unfriendly to Internal Improvements in North Carolina, and undertook to state what had occurred in the discussion at Edenton before you were nominated. He said he asked you if you were in favor of extending the Central Railroad East and West, and that you denied his right to catechise you. That he afterwards asked if you were in favor of the State's borrowing money for that purpose and you answered that you were not.

I then thought and still think that he was misrepresenting you, and I beg that you will do me the favor to state what really did occur at Edenton in relation to this matter.

Very respectfully,
SAM'L J. PERSON.

THOMAS BRAGG, Esq.

FAYETTVILLE, May 20th, 1854.

MY DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 18th inst. was received by me yesterday, but I had not time then to reply to it, and, indeed, have but a few minutes now to do so, as I must leave this moaning to meet Gen. Dockery at Troy, Montgomery county, on Monday next.

I assure you, sir, that I have been most grossly misrepresented, as to what was said by me upon the subject of Internal Improvements, in the discussion at Edenton.

In the first place, I never refused to answer Gen. Dockery's questions, as has been stated. It is true that I stated that I was not a candidate, and that he had no right to chatechize me; but that I would nevertheless answer, and I did answer.

What that answer in substance was, will be seen from the statement herewith sent, of highly respectable and intelligent gentlemen, residing in the town of Edenton, who heard the discussion. It was very opportunely received, the evening before your letter was handed to me. I will only remark, that among the signers are several prominent Whigs, who, as high-minded, honorable men, knew how to do justice to a political adversary.

I am very sure that I did not say that I was opposed to the State's borrowing money to extend the Central Road. I knew very well that was the only practicable way to carry on works of the kind. The dispute was, how large a debt it would be necessary and expedient to contract, and then how the interest of the same was to be paid—he insisting that it was to be done out of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and I that the State would have to rely upon her own means and resources. If I expressed myself against borrowing money, what did I mean (see statement of Messrs. Badham and others), by saying that I was willing to go as far as the means and resources of the State would admit, so as not to incur a debt beyond the ability of the State to pay, &c., &c.

I thought Gen. Dockery's course in the East was rather calculated to injure than to benefit the cause of Internal Improvement, which he professes to have so much at heart. The magnitude of the debt which he said would be incurred by the extension of the Central Road, and then the threat, however untrue, that the Democratic party intended to tax the people to pay it, might well alarm the people of both parties on that subject; and though he might succeed in thus getting votes for himself, it must be at the expense of the Internal Improvement cause in the State.

I beg the people of the East to remember that Genl. Dockery told them that with the proceeds of the public lands, the whigs would save them from taxation on account of the extension of the Central Road, and also greatly extend the advantage of the common schools. Yet, in the county of Moore, where we spoke a few days since, he admitted "that it is improbable we shall get the proceeds of the sales of the public lands."

These were his words, written down by me at the time and commented on. True, he said it was because of opposition by the Democratic party to the measure. But this opposition was as well known when he was in Edenton and other Eastern portions of the State, as it is now. I must bring this letter to a close.

I regret very much my inability under existing circumstances to visit the Eastern portion of the State at this time, and more especially the town of Wilmington. I have heard much of its rapid improvement and increasing trade, and of the intelligence and enterprise of its citizens, and it would afford me much pleasure to pay them a visit. Should I get through with the canvass in the West, where it is deemed advisable for me to go and meet my opponent before the August elections, I shall endeavor to visit Wilmington as well as other places in the Eastern part of the State.

Very respectfully and truly yours,
THOS. BRAGG.

SAML. J. PERSON, Esq.

EDENTON, May 12th, 1854.

MR. THOMAS BRAGG:—

*Dear Sir:*—We, the undersigned, having understood that your position taken on the Internal Improvement question, during the late discussion between yourself and Gen. Dockery, in this place, has been misrepresented, desire to make the following statement, which we believe to be substantially correct:—General Dockery spoke in favor of the extension of the Central Railroad East to Beaufort, and West to the Tennessee line, and stated that the debt of the State would be increased thereby to the amount of *ten million of dollars*. He asked how this debt was to be paid, and said that the Democratic plan was to tax the people to pay it, and that of the Whigs to raise it by getting distribution of the Public Lands. You argued to show that, in the first place, distribution could not be obtained, and if it could, our share annually would not be more (taking the average sales for a number of years) than fifty or sixty thousand dollars: and the *interest* of such a debt could not be thus paid, and that the whole thing was calculated to deceive. In reply to this question to you, whether you were in favor of the extension of the Road East and West, you stated that you were—that you did not know, in the present state of things, what amount would be needed to complete it, but you were willing to go as far as the means and resources of the State would admit, so as not to incur a debt beyond the ability of the State to pay, and that you were unwilling to do that, as you were opposed to repudiation—that you would have the State government act precisely as a private individuel ought to act in the management of his own affairs, &c., &c. This, sir, is substantially what we recollect of the discussion in relation to "Internal Improvement;" and we cheerfully send you this statement, as an act of simple justice to one who, we hear, has been misrepresented on this subject.

Very respectfully,
J. C. BADHAM,
A. DIXON,
RICH'D. PAXTON,
J. F. MANNING, M. D.,
WM. N. SKINNER,
JAS. NORCOM,
WM. C. HUNTER,
THOS. C. MANNING.

The Superior Court for this County is now in Session, Judge Saunders presiding. Owing to the very large number of cases on the Crimnal Docket, but one day (Tuesday,) was given to the Civil Docket. On yesterday, Jonathan Baker was put upon trial for the murder of one Edwards, which resulted in his conviction. For the State, Mr. Solicitor Strange; for the Prisoner, Wm. B. Wright, James Banks, and Joseph Baker, Jr.

We learn that this day (Thursday) will be devoted principally to the trial of John and Eva (negro boys) for arson, in setting fire to the dwelling of Mr. M. McKinnon.

It is but fair to presume, from the appearance of the Civil trial Docket, and the great number of important cases that there await adjudication, that His Honor will appoint an extra Term for this County.

We hear with pleasure that our new Solicitor, Robert Strange, Esq., has performed his very arduous duties throughout the entire Circuit with marked ability.—*Fayetteville Observer 18th inst.*

A FRENCH SQUADRON AT HAVANA.—New York, May 19th.—The steamer Crescent City, from Havana, has arrived below. She brings 200 passengers.

A French squadron of six vessels had arrived at Havana, their object being unknown. Business was dull. Political affairs unimportant.

On the 14th inst., when the Crescent City entered the port of Havana, salutes were being exchanged with the english man of war brig Lespiegle. She had just arrived there from Kingston, Jamaica, which place she left on the 2d.

She reports having left there the French squadron, composed of one frigate, two sloops of war, one frigate, one steamer and one transport. They were to sail for Hanover on the next day. The said squadron was from San Diego.

### Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The steamship Franklin, from Havre via Cowes, with Liverpool dates to the 10th May, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, May 10.—The sales of cotton for the last three days amounted to 25,000 bales. Baltimore Flour has advanced 1s.; corn has advanced 1s.

Richardson's circular quotes Baltimore flour at 39s. a 40s; corn 39s.

Hollingshead reports cotton as dearer and quite active, there being considerable demand for export.

McMakin's circular quotes Baltimore flour at 37s a 37s 6d.

The Manchester market was quiet.

The London money market was easier.

The Arctic had not arrived when the Franklin left.

The Hermann was off Cowes at midnight, on the 6th. The America reached Liverpool on the 8th.

Consols had advanced to 88, in consequence of a declaration of the Chancellor of Exchequer that no loan would be raised for war purposes.

In Paris, the Bourse had risen, on the report that Denmark and Sweden had joined the Western Powers in their plans against Russia.

Austria had presented fresh terms to Russia for a settlement of the differences between Russia and Turkey. It is said, if these terms are rejected by Russia, Austria will then join the Western Powers.

It is reported that the Russian fleet left Helsingfors on the 5th of May, when Admiral Napier signaled the allied fleet to prepare for sea immediately.

Admiral Dundas' official report had not been received.

An additional camp of fifty thousand men had been formed near Marseilles

The Turks were about to blockade Greece.

The Shah of Persia had become hostile to Russia and was raising an army of fifty thousand men.

The Turks had advanced from Kalafat to Krajova.

The India mail has arrived at Trieste, with dates from Calcutta to April 6th, and Hongkong to March 27th.

The Russian fleet had left Manilla for Batavia.

It is understood that Lord Elgin has been charged with a special communication from the English government to the President of the United States.

Nothing of importance has been received from the Black Sea or the Danube.

A camp of 100,000 men is to be formed near St. Omers, partly as a demonstration against Prussia, and partly to throw troops from thence into the Baltic when necessary.

Fuller details of the bombardment of Odessa have been received. The Russian version makes quite a different affair of the battle—claiming it as a brilliant feat on the part of the Russians, and stating that decorations had been bestowed on the officers engaged in it. They acknowledged 5 killed and 63 wounded.

A late despatch to Southampton, from Richardson & Bro., who received it the same morning by telegraph from Cork, from the Captain of the Baldour, reports that on the 21st March saw a steamer with hull and funnel black, paddle-boxes yellow, no person on board, and no smoke issuing from her pipes. A barque was alongside, supposed to be rendering assistance; and it was thought possible she might be the City of Glasgow. They were making for the Azores about 400 miles distant.

### HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

*Latest from Mexico—Return of Santa Anna to the Capital—Acapulco Retaken, Alvarez Defeated.*

A private letter from Mexico, to a gentleman of this city, dated the 5th of May, states that Santa Anna had reached Tuckabaya, 3 miles from the Capital, and that Madame Santa Anna had left the city that morning to join the president at his Summer retreat.

The general impression was that he had re-taken and garrisoned Acapulco, and opened the communications between the Capital and that Port, which had been obstructed by Alvarez, and his Pinto adherents.

There had been an alarming Earthquake in Mexico but it fortunately passed off without any injury to the City, although the inhabitants were greatly alarmed by it, rushing from their houses during its continuance into the public squares for safety.—*Courier.*

### Presbyterian Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian Church, new school, met this morning, and about 200 delegates were present. Rev. Dr. Allen, of Lane Seminary, preached the opening sermon upon comprehensiveness of the doctrine of the Cross. Rev. Dr. Skinner was elected moderator, and Rev. Mr. Darling clerk.

### Terrible Gale at Wheeling.

WHEELING, VA., May 17.—The Suspension Bridge across the Ohio River at this place, was blown down this afternoon, and now lies in the river a total wreck. All the cables except two, were broken and twisted to pieces. The gale was the most terrific ever witnessed, turning the bridge bottom upwards. The abutments were slightly injured. No lives lost.

### The Resignation of Mr. Everett.

BOSTON, May 18.—The Hon. Edward Everett, in consequence of ill health, has resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate, to take effect in June. It is rumored that Gov. Washburn has tendered the seat to Mr. Choate.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION, of Philadelphia, has refused to repeal the rule which prohibits St. Thomas' (colored) Church, from sending delegates to the convention.

SPECIAL COURTS.—Gov. Reid has appointed Judge Bailey to hold the Special Term of Superior Court for Moore County on the 4th Monday, and that for Robeson on the 5th Monday, of this month.—*Obs.*

### The Craige and Hunt Difficulty.

We find the following in the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian of the 19th. It gives the clearest and most rational account of this affair, and of the bearings of the case as it now stands, which we have yet seen.—Of course, it differs from the crude and hurried accounts and notions sent off in hot haste by the lying correspondents of many of the Northern papers:

WASHINGTON, May 18th, 1854.

The telegraphic despatches which have appeared in several New York and Philadelphia papers, in regard to the late difficulty between Mr. Craige and Mr. Hunt, have not only placed the former gentleman in an incorrect position, but they are calculated to bring about a result which all good citizens must deprecate. As I understand them, and as they are generally understood here, the facts of the case as it now stands are simply these: Mr. Hunt, who had been acting steadily with the anti-Nebraska men, openly expressed on Saturday last, a desire to have the difficulty settled in an honorable and equitable manner, intimating at the time that if the debate were kept open until Thursday (to-day) he would vote for a motion to go into Committee and take up the Nebraska bill.

When Mr. Richardson's motion was offered on Monday last, which extended the time of the debate beyond the period asked for, to the surprise of many members, Mr. Hunt voted against it. Mr. H. asked leave to explain his vote. Mr. Craige objected; *stigmatizing*, at the time, Mr. Hunt's course as a factious one. The latter gentleman branded the *stigma* as false, when a scene of confusion &c., ensued. On the following day, the difficulty was renewed, commencing and terminating in the same way, and almost in the same words. As the quarrel now stands, it is, as Sir Lucius O'Trigger says, a pretty sort of quarrel; and it might remain in peace and comfort until doomsday or the resurrection of General Scott's hopes, were it not for the mischievous and meddlesome interference of lobby loafers and Avenue idlers.

"Hunt," say these peacemakers, "insulted Mr. Craige, by pronouncing his (Craige's) statement false; and therefore the said Craige owes it to his country, his constituency, and the peculiar institutions of the South, to attempt to perforate the body of the said Hunt with a pistol ball!" As I am not unacquainted with the code of honor—having been bitten by the musquitoes of New Orleans for eight consecutive seasons—I boldly deny the correctness of this christian conclusion. According to Webster, *stigmatise* means "to disgrace with some note of reproach or infamy;" and *stigmatizing*, "branding with infamy."

It therefore follows that the insult, if insult was intended, came first from Mr. Craige, for how could Mr. Hunt brand a brand? No subsequent words could change their original relative positions. To illustrate: If Mr. Brown calls Mr. Briggs a liar, and the slanderous Briggs retorts on the belligerent Brown by calling him a thief, it is clear that the challenge must come from Briggs, if the insult must be washed out with blood.

☞ Mrs. Ives, wife of Ex-Bishop Ives of North Carolina, was received into the Catholic Church at Rome on Good Friday.

From the Washington Union, 23d inst.

### Passage of the Nebraska Bill by the House of Representatives.

A most protracted and exciting struggle was last night, at 11 o'clock, brought to a triumphant close by the passage of the bill organizing the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas in the House of Representatives by a vote of 113 to 100. We hail this result with sincere pleasure, and congratulate the country upon the removal from the halls of Congress, for all time to come, of those embarrassing and irritating controversies which have grown out of the agitation of the slave question.

The abolition demagogues, by the emphatic action of the majority of the people's representatives, have been deprived of even the pretext for excitement against the South; and, after a few paroxysms of denunciation and falsehood, they will find themselves as utterly incapable of mischief as the crazy fanatics who preach in the streets of the northern cities, and rave against the imaginary evils which they believe they have been commissioned to correct. Henceforward, the people of the Territories will manage their own affairs in their own way, according to the spirit of the federal constitution. In a few months, even those who have been deceived by the outcry against the Nebraska and Kansas bill will be surprised and mortified to see how they have been misled; and thus another evidence will be added to the number that have repeatedly demonstrated the folly and the falsehood of the anti-slavery crusade. Strange that the machinations and designs of the malignant and phrenzied leaders of the crusade should, at the same time, be so constantly proved to be fruitful of bad results alone, and yet that American citizens will not be admonished against reposing confidence in those whose success, however impossible and remote, contemplates nothing less than the overthrow of our free institutions. Let us hope that the last lesson, so full of instruction and significance, will not be without its good effects upon the public mind in time to come.

This proud occasion has been rendered signally gratifying by the deportment of the friends of the bill from the beginning of the contest, in the face of the disorganizing and revolutionary course of the leaders of the minority, persisted in down to the auspicious final vote. Patiently, and almost unmurmuringly, they submitted to a series of unprecedented attempts to defeat the ascertained will of the majority—leaving a record of which the majority may well feel proud, and from which the factious leaders of the minority will never be able to recover in the estimation of the people. The victory would have been deprived of half its value had not the majority been capable of those high examples of self-denial and forbearance which showed their high sense of the justice of their cause, and their unshaken faith in the intelligent judgment of their constituents and the country.

The bill as it passed the House is the same that previously passed the Senate, with the exception of the Clayton amendment, preventing unnaturalized citizens from enjoying the right to vote in the Territories—that amendment having been striken out in accordance with the example furnished in the bill erecting the Territories of Washington, Utah, and New Mexico. The speedy passage of the bill in the Senate, as it has been amended in the House, is confidently anticipated.

The following is the vote on the passage of the bill:

YEAS—Messrs. Abercrombie, James C. Allen, Willis Allen, *Ashe*, David J. Baily, Thomas H. Bayly, Barksdale, Barry, Bell, Bocock, Boyce, Breckinridge, Bridges, Brooks, Caskie, Chastain, Chrisman, Churchwell, Clark, *Cleingman*, Cobb, Colquitt, Cox, *Craige*, Cumming, Cutting, John G. Davis, Dawson, Disney, Dowdell, Dunbar, Durkee, Eddy, Edmundson, John M Elliott, English, Faulkner, Florence, Goode, Green, Greenwood, Gray, Hamilton, Sampson W. Harris, Hendricks, Henn, Hibbard, Hill, Hillyer, Houston, Ingersoll, Geo. W. Jones, J. Glancy Jones, Roland, Jones, *Kerr*, Kidwell, Kurtz, Lamb, Lane, Latham, Letcher, Lilly, Lindley, Macdonald, McDougall, McNair, Maxwell, May, John G. Miller, Smith Miller, Olds, Mordecai Oliver, Orr, Packer, John Perkins, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Preston, Ready, Reese, Richardson, Riddle, Robbins, Rowe, *Ruffin*, Shannon, *Shaw*, Shower, Singleton, Samuel A. Smith, Wm. Smith, Wm. R. Smith, Geo. W. Smyth, Snodgrass, Frederick P. Stanton, R. H. Stanton, Alexander H. Stephens, Straub, David Stuart, John J. Taylor, Tweed, Vail, Vansant, Walbridge, Walker, Walsh, Warren, Westbrook, Witte, Daniel B. Wright, Hendrick B. Wright, and Zollcoffer—113.

NAYS—Messrs. Ball, Banks, Belcher, Bennett, Benson, Benton, Bugg, Campbell, Carpenter, Chandler, Crocker, Cullom, Curtis, Thomas Davis, Dean, DeWitt, Dick, Dickinson, Drum, Eastman, Edgerton, Edmands, Thomas D. Elliot, Ellison, Etheridge, Everhart, Farley, Fenton, Flagler, Fowler, Gamble, Giddings, Goodrich, Grow, Aaron Harlan, Andrew J. Harlan, Harrison, Hastings, Haven, Hiester, Howe, Hughes, Hunt, Johnson, Daniel T. Jones, Kittredge, Knox, Lindsey, Lyon, McCulloch, Mace, Matteson, Mayall, Meacham, Middleswarth, Milson, Morgan, Morrison, Murray, Nichols, Noble, Norton, Andrew Oliver, Parker, Peck, Peckham, Pennington, Bishop Perkins, Pratt, Pringle, *Purvear*, David Ritchie, Thomas Ritchie, *Rodgers*, Russell, Sabin, Sage, Sapp, Seymour, Simmons, Skelton, Gerritt Smith, Hestor L. Stephens, Stratton, Andrew Stuart, John L. Taylor, Nathaniel G. Taylor, Thurston, Tracy, Trout, Upham, Wade, Walley, E. B. Washburne, Israel Washburne, Wells, John Wentworth, Tappan Wentworth, Wheeler and Yates—100.

### The Craige and Hunt Affair Again.

"Observer," the Washington correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, writing to that paper under date of Saturday last, says:

The personal affair between Messrs. Hunt and Cra

### Improvement of the Cape Fair Bar.

Pursuant to public notice, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Guilford without party distinction, was held in the Court House on Thursday, the 18th day of May, 1854.

The meeting was organized by appointing Jed. H. Lindsay, Esq., Chairman, and Ralph Gorrell Secretary. After the object of the meeting had been appropriately explained, John A. Gilmer, Esq., introduced the following resolutions, which were read to the meeting, accompanied by a short but eloquent address in their favor.

Whereas, The navigation of the Cape Fear and Port of Wilmington are subjects in which the whole people of North Carolina have a deep interest,

1. Resolved, That we cordially approve of the proposed Convention to be held on the 25th inst., in the town of Wilmington to memorialize Congress on the subject of the Bar and Navigation of the Cape Fear.

2. Resolved, That the Chairman appoint ten delegates to attend said Convention.

3. Resolved, That our distinguished Senator, Geo. E. Badger, from the zeal with which he has pressed in the Senate of the U. S. the improvement of the Bar and Navigation of the Cape Fear, merits our hearty approval, and we hereby tender him our sincere thanks.

4. Resolved, That all our Delegates in the House of Representatives be requested, and that our representative be instructed to give to the subject of improving the navigation of the Cape Fear by the General Government their hearty and efficient approbation.

Gov. Morehead, seconded the resolutions and addressed the meeting with great animation, in a speech of some length, in their favor.

He portrayed in glowing colors, the importance of the Town and port of Wilmington, to the State of N. Carolina—its rapid growth and increasing trade and the brilliant prospects that lay before her.

That every citizen of the State had an interest—a deep interest, in the growth and prosperity of the town, in the removal of all obstructions from the river and in deepening the water on the Bar. He stated that the tonnage of Wilmington was greater than that of Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk; that whilst large sums had been spent by the General Government in the improvement of the harbors and rivers of other States, nothing had been done for North Carolina; not because she was undeserving such appropriations, but simply because she was too modest to assert and press her claims.

After the remarks of Mr. Gilmer and Gov. Morehead were closed, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

In pursuance of the 2d resolution, the Chairman appointed the following delegates, viz: Dr. S. G. Coffin, Geo. C. Mendenhall, Esq., Robt. P. Dick, Esq., Eli Smith, Esq., Col. Joel McLean, Ralph Gorrel, Dr. Robt. W. Glenn, Frederick Fentress, Esq., Julius L Gorrell and the Rev. N. Fletcher Reid.

After the appointment of the above named delegates, Mr. Gilmer introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting, Dr. A. J. DeRossett, T. C. Worth, and B. G. Worth be added to the list of delegates appointed by the chair, and that the chair be requested to supply the places of such delegates as may find it inconvenient to attend.

A resolution was then introduced by C. P. Mendenhall, that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Greensboro' Patriot, together with all other papers in the State favorable to the object of this meeting.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

JED. H. LINDSAY, Chairman.

RALPH GORRELL, Secretary.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of Bladen and New Hanover, held at Beatty's Bridge, Saturday, 20th inst., for the purpose of appointing delegates to attend the Convention for the improvement of the Cape Fear Bar, to be held in Wilmington on the 25th inst. John Shaw, esq., was called to the Chair, and Andrew C. Crombie appointed Secretary.

On motion of Dr. W. A. Beatty, that a Committee of three be appointed to draft Resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting, the following gentlemen were appointed, viz: Dr. W. H. Beatty, Dr. John D. Hawse, and Samuel Anders, esq; when the following Resolutions were introduced and adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the proposed Convention, believing, as we do, that the improvement of our Bar is of vital importance to North Carolina, and will tend more to develope her resources and enrich her people than any work which has ever been projected.

Resolved, That we are grateful to our eminent Senator, G. E. Badger, for his urgent and untiring efforts in procuring the passage of a bill in the Senate for that object.

Resolved that our entire delegation in Congress be requetsed to use their best endeavors to procure the passage of the same bill in the House.

On motion of Dr. W. H. Beaty, the following gentlemen were appointed to represent this meeting in the Convention, viz: Patrick Anders, James O. Anders, G. Barnhill, C. Dickson, Samuel Anders, John Anders, W. W. Anders, D. P. Beatty, J. H. Curry, Enoch Hawse, E. Hawse, Rev. C. Shaw, James Mercedy, Joel Moore, Charles Henry, G. W. Bannerman, H. W. Beatty, John S. James, John Corbett, James Corbett, W. Corbett, Charles Bannerman, E. J. Anders, and, on motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the number.

On motion of Dr. Hawse, the Secretary was requested to furnish the Wilmington papers with a copy of the proceedings.

On motion of D. P. Beatty, the thanks of the meeting was tendered to the Chairman and Secretary for their services; and the meeting adjourned.

JOHN SHAW, Chm'n

A. C. CROMBIE, Sec'y.

### Public Meeting.

A a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Alamance county, was held at the Court House in Graham, on Saturday, the 20th day of May, inst.

On motion of J. W. Lancaster, General Benjamin Trollinger was called to the Chair, and John Fancett appointed Secretary; when the object of the meeting having been explained by the Chairman,

On motion, a committee of three was appointed by the chairman, to prepare resolutions for the action of the meeting.

The chair appointed J. T. Murray, Robt. Hanner, and J. W. Lancaster, who reported the following Preamble and Resolutions, to wit:

WHEREAS, The people of the town of Wilmington have on all occasions manifested a commendable zeal for the cause of Internal Improvements, and won for themselves the proud distinction of being regarded the most energetic and public spirited of our fellow-citizens; and whereas, the improvement of the Cape Fear Bar below Wilmington is deemed by this meeting a work of great local, state; and national importance: Therefore be it

Resolved, That we highly approve of the proposition to hold a Convention in that place, on the 25th inst., to be composed of delegates from every county in the State, to take this improvement into consideration, and to devise some plan for securing its speedy completion.

Resolved, That for the purpose of having the county of Alamance represented in said Convention, the Chairman of this meeting be authorized to appoint twenty delegates to said Convention.

Resolved that a copy of these proceedings be forwarded to the Hon. John Kerr, the Representative of this District; and he is hereby requested to urge the importance of this improvement, and to ask such an appropriation as may be deemed necessary to effect it.

Under the second Resolution the chairman appointed as delegates:

Benj. Hurdle, J. Fancett, A. Melram, P. R. Harden, J. T. Murray, J. W. Lancaster, Robt. Hanner, John S. Turrentine, A. A. Holt, Wm. A. Holt, John Tapscott, Jesse Gant, C. F. Fancett, John Foster, David Dixon, Giles Mebane, G. B. Lea, Edwin Holt.

On motion of John S. Turrentine, the chairman was added to the list of delegates.

On motion of J. W. Lancaster, any citizen of Albemarle county, who may be in Wilmington at the time of holding the Convention, may act as a delegate from this county.

On motion, by same, the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Hillsboro' Recorder, Raleigh Standard, and Wilmington Journal, with the request that they be published.

On motion of John C. Turrentine, the meeting then adjourned. BENJ. TROLLINGER, Ch'm'n.

JNO. FAUCETT, Sec'y.

*A Pedantic Tipler.*—"Landlord," said a certain seedy pedagogue, somewhat given to strong libations, "I would like a quantum of spirits, modicum of molasses in conjunction with a little water;—but deal largely with the spirits, thou man of mixtures!"

### Nebraska Bill—Starving it out.

There seems to be a disposition in Congress to bring the Nebraska bill to an unusual parliamentary test—that of starvation. We are not disposed to question its propriety. To starve a bill through Congress or out of it, is certainly as proper as to starve a jury into a verdict in a court of justice. It is a matter of curiosity, however, to ascertain what are the chances of this celebrated bill, under the new rules. On this interesting subject the Baltimore Patriot has the following:

It will be seen that the question whether the friends or opponents of Nebraska can do with less food, sleep or liquor, is still in doubt. Mr. Richardson was found perhaps to have had greater physical aptitude for a contest of that description than Mr. Greely anticipated. He announces the capitulation of the starvationists under terms which had not transpired. As a matter of scientific investigation we regret that this peculiar remedy has failed so prematurely. We should have liked the Smithsonian savans to have investigated the relation between physical endurance and opinions, as illustrated by the votes of Congress. We are therefore very sorry that the starvationists, in the language of the racers—"broke up" before this contest could be decided. Col. Richardson has destroyed the theory of a minority veto Col. Richardson is a large man with a strong voice, uncommon hardness of head, soundness of sense and directness of purpose. He has, we believe, fought and starved through the Mexican war. He carries a chew of tobacco as large as a walnut in his nether jaw, which supports him until a whole platoon of weak chested zealots, with worsted comforters, must give in from physical exhaustion. This "setting up" is fun for Col. Richardson. He requires nothing except a military shakedown. An armful of straw, a swig from a tickler, prepare him for any extremity. It is the watchfire over which he has laughed at the enemies of his country many a night, and he has no doubt smiled at the weak device of its enemies in the present instance. Mr. Greely evidently made no allowance in the recommendation of his theory for the physical capacity of Col. Richardson. His theory has in consequence failed.

Although we are gratified that this insane idea of enforcing the rights of the minority by moving the restaurats into the lobby, and putting trundle beds into the halls of Congress, has been shown up in all its absurdity, we almost regret its premature failure. It promised to render avilable a peculiar character of talent which has not heretofore been appreciated.—We know several members who have rendered no perceptible equivalent for their perdiem, but who when questions shall be decided by a comparative capacity to eat drink and sleep for the good of the public, will rise into immediate immortality. When the relays of sleepers shall be organized, and the minority shall secure its rights by starving the majority, and keeping them awake until they shall abandon their nefarious purposes, a grateful constituency will acknowledge the value of a good appetite and a placid conscience. And when orators sap the price of liberty is "eternal vigilance" we imagine they never sat up all night and listened to dull speeches, or never contemplated the probability of having to do so during a long session of Congress. In the mean time will this compromise be kept? or will the minority refresh themselves with meat and sleep, fill their canteens and march against the indomitable Richardson again.

### Four Fires in Richmond in Twenty-four Hours.

On Saturday night last, about 11 o'clock, (says the Richmond Enquirer, of the 22d inst.,) three fires occurred in different parts of the city at precisely the same time: One broke out in an unoccupied two-story brick house, the property of Judge John Robertson, on Main St., between 2d and 3d streets; a second occured in two adjoining stables on Church Hill, North of Broad St., just beyond the corporation line, one owned by Mr. R. H. Whitlock, the other by Mr. Wm. Lewis. The third fire took place in a stable in the rear of the premises of Mr. Hulcher, on 2d street, near the City Cemetery. The roof and upper story of the house of Judge R. was consumed, and the stables were entirely destroyed. Another alarm of fire at 9 o'clock Saturday morning was caused by some persons setting fire to No 1 engine house, at the Old Market. It appears that the House was entered and a fire kindled before the bells commenced to ring. The firemen ran to the spot for the purpose of getting their engine, and when they arrived, discovering that it was in their own house, they soon extinguished the fire. These fires show conclusively that there is a band of incendiaries in this city, acting in concert, while we see exhibited a state of things alarming to all good citizens, and calling for the serious consideration of owners of property and all who have any regard for the interest of the city.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS EXPENSIVE.—It appears from a statement made by the President of the New York and New Haven Railroad Company, that for damages to life of limb by the Norwalk disaster a year ago, they have paid already $250,000, and that a further sum of $50,000 is yet to be paid.

☞ We are authorized, by B. M. BARRY, Esq., of Onslow county, to give notice that he is a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of this State. [May 18, '54—37-taug

☞ We are requested to give notice that Mr J. B. FRAZEL is a candidate for the Sheriffalty in Onslow county, at the ensuing election in August next. [May 18—37-taug

Scald or Sore Heads, and other eruption.—A most remarkable Cure by Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Mrs. Jackson, of Milk-street, Boston, has two children, aged three and five years, both of them were afflicted from their birth with the most inveterate scald heads which greatly interferred with their general health. The mother tried every remedy likely to benefit them, (what mother will not) to no purpose. But a friend recommended Holloway's wonder working Pills and Ointment, offering to make Mrs. Jackson a present of $10 worth of the medicines, if they did not benefit the children, this was too tempting to refuse, the Pills and Ointment were obtained, and $3 worth cured both. The mother gladly paid for the Pills and Ointment, and has written most gratefully to Professor Holloway for the cure effected.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London,) and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Boxes at 37½c., 87c., $1 50 each Wholesale by the principal Drug houses of the Union; by Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, New York; A. O. BRADLEY, Wilmington, N. C.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the largest sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

TREMBLING, FLUTTERING, PALPITATION OF THE HEART!

*CURE OF DREADFUL ULCER!!*

Read the following Certificate from a Lady, endorsed by Postmaster E. P. Cooper:

CAPON BRIDGE, Hampshire county, Va. March 1, 1854.

*Mr. E. P. Cooper*—Dear Sir: Agreeable to you request, and my own desire to benefit the afflicted, I hereby certify the great relief I received from the use of *Hampton's Vegetable Tincture*.

I was taken with a violent palpitation, or rather fluttering and trembling of the heart, which continued several days; it seemed as though my heart had already forgotten its office. The family became alarmed and procured a bottle of this valuable Medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this *Tincture of Hampton's* I was entirely relieved.

This is the third instance of relief in my family from the use of this valuable Medicine. Two or three years ago I was laid up with ulceration of my ankle, from effect of what is usually called milk leg. I had lost all taste and appetite, and the sore, which was some four inches up and down, and half way around my ankle, rejected every effort to heal it, until I procured Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, one bottle of which restored my health, healed my ankle, and I am freer from swelling than for the last thirty years.

Again, one of my daughters was very low from severe dysentery, and when she began to sit up her feet commenced swelling, which increased every day, and began to be very painful—she used a bottle of *Hampton's Tincture;* the pains were assuaged, the swellings subsided and her heath returned—we kept her legs bandaged with strips of woolen until her strength returned. I have been thus particular, that others under similar circumstances might be induced to avail themselves of this remedy. Yours with respect,

ELIZABETH EDWARDS.

I do hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. Edwards, and can safely recommend the above statement to be correct. E. P. COOPER, Postmaster.

Capon Bridge, Hampshire county, Va.

☞ Delicate Ladies and Children will please give it a trial.

Space will not permit to name hundreds of others, as Geo W Goodrich, Capt Thos Canot, Robert Gault, James Smyth, cured of Rheumatism.

John Pervail, S A Griffin, John Luke, Rev V Eskridge, U S Navy, and thousands others cured of Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Cough, Liver Complaints, Bronchitas, St. Vitus' Dance, &c. We refer to our own citizens. Call on them.

BALDNESS CURED!—EMERSON AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE. For Restoring the Hair on Heads HOPELESSLY BALD and to prevent the Hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, is a sure thing for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning public. The Proprietors have such confidence in it that they authorize their Agents to take bald cases on GUARRANTEE. Price to be agreed upon Between the parties.

Sold by Wm. H. LIPPITT, Wholesale Agent for Wilmington and surroundng country. 5m1m

### A TEACHER WANTED.

A LIBERAL SALARY will be paid for a Teacher to take charge of Topsail Academy, on the first day of October next. One with a family would not be objected to, as the Trustees design building a large boarding house and offering inducements to one who may be found fully qualified in every respect to teach all the higher branches requisite in a preparatory School, and who may desire a permanent situation for a series of years.

The Academy is pleasantly situated, immediately on the W. & T. S. Plank Road, twelve miles from Wilmington and but two from the Ocean, a healthy location and excellent neighborhood.

Address N. N. NIXON, Wilmington, N. C., or J. M. FOY, Esq., Topsail P. O., N. C.

NICH'S N. NIXON, President Board of Trustees.

May 25, '54—1m.

### A MOST EXTRAORDINARY CURE EFFECTED BY DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

NEW YORK, March 19, 1852.

☞ This is to certify that I have been troubled for almost four years with a choaking sensation, sometimes so bad as almost to suffocate me; I employed two regular physicians, but to no purpose. I was then persuaded to try a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I took two spoonfull at one dose. It soon began to operate when it made thorough work. (I had a regular worm factory within me.) I should judge it brought away from me some two quarts of worms; they had the appearance of having bursted. I took the remainder of the bottle at two doses. The effect was, it brought away about one quart more, all chopped to pieces. I now feel like a different person.

The above is from a willow lady, forty-six years of age, resident of this city. For further particulars, the public are referred to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan place, or to E. L. Theall. Druggist, corner of Rutger and Monroe streets.

P. S. The above valuable medicine, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lanes Vermifuge. All others, in comparison are worthless.

For Sale by WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C.

### Palmer's Patent Rotary Flail Thrashing Machine.

We shall publish a series of articles in reference to this valuable invention. Messrs. Freeman & Houston are agents for the sale of them in Wilmington, and on whose premises one of the Machines may now be seen in operation. Mr. Palmer, the inventor, is now in town, and may be seen as above:

**To the Agricultural Public.**

No 1.

We, the undersigned, residents of the town of Flatbush, Long Island, feel it to be our duty to communicate to the agricultural public the results of the experiments we have seen made of the Thrashing Machine invented by William Russell Palmer, of North Carolina. In the forepart of the present month, this Machine was put in operation in the barn of Mr. Lott Vanderbilt, our neighbor, and a well-known farmer of this village; and we were so highly satisfied with the careful experimen's and observation made, that we have no hesitation whatever in recommending this Machine to all who are engaged in agricultural pursuits.

1. This Machine differs from all others that we have seen, in being capable of adjusting itself to the thrashing of all kinds of grain with equal facility.

2. It cleans the grain out from the straw in the most thorough manner, and thereby effects a great saving to the farmer.

3. There is no risk or danger of accident to life or limb in feeding the Machine.

4. It is so simple in its construction it does not seem likely to get out of repair

5 It can be transported without difficulty from place to place.

6. It can be adjusted and managed by the most ordinary laborer.

7. It is an economical Machine, for it can be built without great expense. Moreover, the high mechanical ingenuity which its inventor has displayed, as well as the satisfactory nature of the experiments we witnessed, convince us that this Machine is bound to be of very great service to the agricultural world.

J. LOTT VANDERBILT,
JOHN P. MYERS,
BENJAMIN S. NELSON,
C. V. HOAGLANCH,
J. V. MARTENSE,
L. MARTENSE,
JOHN J. VANDERBILT.

October, 1852.

No. 2.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE, April 6th, 1854.

The Committee of Arts and Sciences of the American Institute respectfully report that they have examined the plans of a Threshing Machine submitted by Mr. William Russell Palmer, of North Carolina. They find in this Machine a very marked difference from any previous articles of the same name which are known to them, namely—that the feed is presented at right angles to the direction in which the *Beaters or Flails* revolve. This method presents very obvious advantages:

1st. The act of feeding is attended with comparatively little danger of the limbs of the feeder being drawn into the instrument, and places him entirely out of the direction of any parts of the engine, which may be thrown off in consequence of the centrifugal action generated by the great velocity at which Threshing Machines must necessarily be driven.

2d. It becomes possible either to permit the straw to enter the Machine or to retain it in the hands of the feeder; and although an equal amount of grain may not be threshed out in the latter cases, yet, in the neighborhood of cities, unbroken straw is a product of such value as to make this an important feature. So, also, Flax and Hemp Seeds may, by this Machine, be separated from the stalks, without any injury to the fibre.

The Threshing Machine of Mr. Russell possesses, in addition, the capacity of being adjusted to grain of any size, from the plumpest Wheat to Clover and Grass Seeds, and thus every seminal product of a farm, except Indian Corn, may be threshed by one and the same Machine—differently adjusted. This advantage is certainly not possessed by any of the Threshing Machines in common use; nor, as far as the Committee are aware, is it possessed in an equal degree by any Machine intended for the same purpose.

All which is respectfully submitted.

NEW YORK, 4th April, 1854.

(Signed) JAS. RENWICK, JAS. J. MAPES, } Chairmen.

I testify the above to be a true copy of the Report on Palmer's Threshing Machine, unanin ously adopted by the American Institute, April 6th, 1854.

H. MEIGS, Recording Secretary.

"HYDE COUNTY, N. C.

This is to certify that I purchased one of Palmer's improved Rotating Flail Threshing Machines, No. 1, (largest size—eight horse power,) with which I am now threshing my wheat. My crop is in bad condition; the wheat exceedingly wet and shrivelled. We have timed the Machine but once; and it threshed 30 stack in less than half a day. The same sized stacks usually yield about 12 bushels. I am delighted with its performance. I have tried rice with this machine aslo, and it works admirably. CALEB SPENCER.

No. 3.

THRESHING MACHINE.—The progress which this country has made in the arts and sciences within the last few years, is truely wonderful. At one time we are electrified by the lightning speed of the Collins steamer:—at another with the astonishing performances of some new machine; and again by the fleetness of our yachts, and so on to the end of the chapter. The latest novelty, and one which cannot fail, we think, to create a great sensation, is a Threshing Machine invented by a Mr. Palmer, of North Carolina, who has visited New York, for the purpose of introducing it. Mr. Palmer brings letters of recommendation from many of the most eminent men at the South, who have seen it in operation.—At a recent agricultural convention in North Carolinia, a report was adopted by the principle planters, in which they state that the new machine is not only the cheapest, smallest, least complicated, and best thing of the kind yet invented, but that it entitles the inventor to the gratitude of the whole agricultural world. Among the numerous papers of recommendation shown us by Mr Palmer, was one from Judge Donald, of Newbern, N. C., in which he speaks of it in terms of the highest praise. At the solicitation of the inventor we called at 550 Water street, on Tuesday last, and saw the machine in operation.

It threshed out with perfect cleaness every kernel, so far as we could see, of every grain put into it, from the tiny Timothy seed to the Long Island wheat, and we are perfectly convinced that it is the best machine of the kind we have ever seen. We are assured that with four men to feed the No. 1, doubble machine, it can take one hundred cart loads of wheat in the morning, lying in the sheaf, pass it through the thresher, separate every kernel from the straw.—*New York Express.*

No. 4.

THE EXHIBITION AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The Threshing Machine of Mr. Palmer, (which was exhibited at the Crystal Palace,) is a new invention and novel in construction, differing in all respects totally from any one heretofore invented for threshing grain, and being in some respects as greatly in advance of all others as the ordinary kind is in advance of the flail or trampling of cattle. It does not thresh by a spike-toothed cylinder working into a spiked concave, like the ordinary machine, which is fed by a man who stands in front, feeding it with wheat and himself with dust, to which is sometimes added a flying tooth or other death dealing object. The grain is put into this machine upon aprons on both sides, as fast as four men can handle and unbound sheaves, which pass through a hole upon each side of the case, which is circular, about four feet in diameter and six inches thick, the hole being about the size of a bundle of grain, and situated at the outer edge of the circle, about half the height from the ground. Here the heads of the grain are struck by four iron arms of 1¼ inch round iron, which are firmly set in a hub that is made to revolve with great speed. This blow or blows, falling rapidly upon the heads as they project from a square corner, knocks out a great portion of the grain; the straw is then carried forward by the arms through the lower half of the circle, the sides of which are waved plates of iron, which give the straw a tortuous motion, whipping it from side to side until every kernel is whipped out. The straw is still carried forward by the arms over the upper part of the circle and thrown out at the same side it entered, a little above. These plates are adjustable, so as to be set close for timothy, or wide for coarse straw, either wheat, rye, oats, rice, buckwheat or peas, either of which it will thresh perfectly clean. This machine, as exhibited with its most elaborate finish, might be taken as a mere model of the conception of some visionary patentee, but such is not the case; numerous machines have been fully tested by large planters in North Carolina, where it was invented, and there is not a shadow of doubt upon our mind, that with the same power, this machine will thresh more grain than any other; and we think no, one who has had much experience in threshing, can examine this model without coming to the same conclusion, even before he sees it in operation.

We beg all grain-growers who read these notes, to make it a point to see this new thresher; and we beg the inventor to put a card upon it to tell those who stare with wonder at it, without knowing what it is, that it is Palmer's Threshing Machine.

The same man has made a valuable improvement upon the old-fashioned spike cylinder machines to prevent danger to the person tending them when a stone or other hard substance happens to be in the sheaf. This is simply by cutting off the apron just before it reaches the cylinder, so that all heavy substances drop down. There is also a roller in front of the cylinder to prevent whole sheaves from passing, or the feeder getting his hand caught. These inventions are valuable improvements for the farmer, and this inventor, like all his class, is doing more good to others than himself. At least do him the honor to examine his inventions.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

LAUGH AND GROW FAT.—By reading the Life and Sayings of the venerable Mrs. Partington and others of the Family. Second supply, received this day and for sale by J. T. MUNDS.

### DIED,

In this county, on the 1st inst., Rev. WM. ARMSTRONG, aged 73 years.

Mr. Armstrong was, for many years past, an esteemed minister of the Primitive Baptist Denomination, and was much beloved by an extensive circle of friends and acquaintances. He left a large family to mourn their loss, but his great gain.

## Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C.—May. 1854.

ARRIVED.

May 22.—Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to W P Elliott.

23.—Steamer Chatham, McRae, from Fayetteville, to T C & B G Worth.

May 23—steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBokkelen.

steamer Evergreen, Watson, from Fayetteville, to W. H. McRary & Co.

schr Brilliant, Rogers, from Beaufort, N. C., to Geo. Harriss; with mdze from schr Adeline D.

schr Edwin & Samuel, Jones, from Beaufort, N. C., to Geo. Harriss; with mdze from schr Adeline D.

schr Alaric, Lonvinier, from New York, to J. H. Flanner; with mdze.

Schr Dixon Swindell, Douglass, from Hyde county, to Wm. A. Gwyre; with 2,000 bushels of corn.

Sch Tioga, Stoddard, from Boston, to Pierce and Dudley; with mdze.

Steamer Rowan, Barber, from Fayetteville, to W P. Elliot

Steamer Douglass, Williams, from Fayetteville, to John Banks.

24th.—Schr Regulator, Eldridge, from Boston, to J. C. Latta.

May 24—schr Lizzie Russell, Bennett, from Baltimore, to Russell & Bro; with mdze.

schr Express, Gibbs, from Topsail Inlet, to Master; with pea nuts.

schr Westport, McCobb, from Boothbay, Me., to Peirce & Dudley.

Br. schr Uncle Tom, Covell, from Richmond, Va., to Peirce & Dudley.

schr Capt. John, Tinker, from Ellsworth, Me., to J. & D. McRae & Co.

steamer Southerner, Roberts, from Fayetteville, to W. H. McRary & Co.

Br. schr Magnet, Griffin, from Nova Scotia via Richmond, Va., to J H Flanner.

Brig Albert Adams, Willis, from Boston, to Adams, Bro. & Co.; with lime, &c.

schr Comet, Lincoln, from Shallotte to J H Chadbourn & Co. The C was bound to Boston, with a cargo of naval stores and lumber, but in coming over the bar at Shallotte she struck and sprung aleak, and put in here. She will discharge cargo and undergo repairs.

CLEARED.

May 22.—Steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, Jos J Lippitt.

23—Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, for Fayetteville, by W P Elliott.

Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A H VanBokkelen.

Schr. St. Leon, Rogers, for Philadelphia, by Jos R Blossom; with lumber.

May 23—Br. Brig Arab. Draper, for Belfast, Ireland, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 150 bbls. spitits turpentine, 532 do tar, 1,075 do. rosin.

24.—Steamer Gov. Graham, McRae, for Fayetteville, by T. C. & B G. Worth.

Steamer J. H. Haughton, Lamon, for Averysbero, by K. M. Murchison.

Brig Ellen Hayden, Marsh, for Boston, by J. Hathaway & Son; with Naval stores.

24.—Schr Henry Nutt, Garwood, for Boston, by George Harriss; with 15 bbls pitch, 200 do tar, 334 do spirits turpentine, 1,071 do rosin, 32,430 feet lumber.

25.—Schr Lamartine, Mandeuil, for New York, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores, &c.

Steamer Southerner, Roberts, for Fayetteville, by W. H. McRary & Co.

Steamer Evergreen, Creele, for Fayetteville, by W. H. McRary & Co.

Steamer Douglass, Williams, for Fayetteville, by John Banks.

Steamer Rowan, Barber, for Fayetteville by W P Elliott.

25—steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. VanBokkelen.

### NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER forewarns all persons from hunting with gun or dogs, feeding or penning stock, making surveys, chopping or defacing of trees, or trespassing in any way whatever, upon any of his lands situated in the counties of New Hanover, Duplin, or Onslow. The Law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.

JOHN JAMES.

New Hanover county, N. C., May 26, 1853 6mw

### $250 REWARD.

A PROCLAMATION,

*By his Excellency DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one Albert Wright, late of the County of Richmond, stands charged with the murder of one James D. Baker in said County, and that the said Albert Wright has fled from justice and escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said Albert Wright may be apprehended and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this, my Proclamation, offering a reward of *Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars* for his arrest and delivery to the Sheriff of Richmond County.

DESCRIPTION.

ALBERT WRIGHT is about five feet seven or eight inches high, and weighs about one hundred and thirty-five pounds; looks red and tolerably fair, with a bushy head of hair of dark auburn color; a heavy beard on the lower portion of his face; blunt features, low forenead, down-cast countenance, hazel eyes; his conversation mild or rather smothered, and is about thirty years of age.

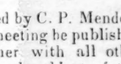
Given under my hand and attested with the Great L. S. Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, on the 8th day of May, A. D., 1854.

By the Governor: DAVID S. REID.

SAM'L. F ADAMS, jr., Private Secretary.

Raleigh, May 15, 1854 38-4w

### STEAMER SPRAY FOR SMITHVILLE & ORTON.



STEAMER SPRAY, Capt. JOHN B. PRICE, will ply between Wilmington and Smithville, landing at Orton, as follows:

Leave Wilmington, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday Mornings, at 9 o'clock.

Leave Smithville, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and Monday Morning, at 8 o'clock.

☞ Passage One Dollar, Children and Servants half price.

FREIGHT at customary rates.

Apply to Captain on board, or to

A. H. VANBOKKELEN,

March 18, 1854—164-tf—29-tf No. 5 South Wharves.

### CHILDREN'S SHOES.

A LARGE and handsome assortment, received this morning, and for sale by JONES & GARDNER.

May 24th, 1854.

ROGERS' CUTLERY.—The subscriber is now opening a fine assortment of ROGERS' SELCTED KNIVES SCISSORS, &c.; and has made an arrangement by which he will be regularly supplied with his goods, gotten up especially for his retail sales. Those who wish the best in this line will always find them at

J. M. ROBINSON'S.

Wilmington, N. C., May 17.

### THE SIGHTS! COME AND SEE THE SIGHTS!!

THIS WEEK the Eclipse takes place—the Elephant to be seen with the blanket off—the *tall man* to wade the Cape Fear, to show the delegates *exactly* what Congress is asked to do—a dental operation to be performed on the *mouth of Cape Fear*—several (or more) baskets of Champagne to be "knocked into a 'brick-in-his-his-hat';"—and divers other interesting performances beyond the stretch of imagination to conceive of.

*SCOTT & BALDWIN*

Will sell a large amount of

**Readymade Clothing,**

And simply because that they keep the best and most reliable assortment in Wilmington.

### J. M. MONK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C.

☞ Prompt and personal attention given to the sale or shipment of all kinds of country produce.

☞ I may be found at the store recently occupied by GRADY & MONK.

May 22d, 1854 220-1w-38-1y

### Medicated Gutta-Percha Collodion,

A NEW and Valuable Remedy for dressing Wounds, Cuts, Burns, and Ulcers. It has been tried successfully by Physicians, and found superior to any remedy of the kind now in use. It forms, when applied, a Cuticle, soft, elastic, and impervious to water, assimilating most perfectly the natural Cuticle. It may be advantageously used in chapped lips, excoriations about the neck and ears of children, and for abrasions of almost every kind, and as a dressing in surgical operations.

The proprietors feel great confidence in presenting the above article for use, believing it will prove fully adequate to the ends proposed, and invaluable as a medicinal remedy For sale by the Proprietors, C. & D. DUPRE.

ALSO—Veterinary Gutta-Percha Collodion for Saddle and Harness Galls, Wounds and sores on horses For sale by the Proprietors, C. & D. DUPRE,

May 20—219-tf Druggists, Wilmington, N. C

### BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

BY the arrival of Schr. Lamartine, and cargo of Adeline D., we are put in possession of the handsomest assortment of Checks (on Cape Fear, State and Commercial Banks) ever before in the market; also, Bills of Exchange, Domestic Drafts; Demy, Medium, Folio Cap and Quarto Blanks, handsomely bound; Pass and Memorandum Books—a very large variety; 3 full cases of Platner & Smith's Turkey Mills and Congress Letter Paper; and 1 case of 100 Reams of Kent Mills Blue-laid Foolscap, put up in half reams—a beautiful article. For sale at

May 25 S. W. WHITAKER'S

JUST RECEIVED—Per Schrs. "Lillie Saunders" and "Araminta"—B. B. Buckets; J. B. Buckets; Painted Buckets; Sugar and Flour Buckets; Well Buckets; Brooms; Cocoa Dippers; Shoe and Hair Brushes; Bed Cords; Plough Lines; Axe Handles; Plain and iron-bound Measures; Baskets; Demijohns, &c.

10 bbls. Sweet Cider;
25 " C. R. Whiskey;
10 " D. D do.;
10 " Anchor Gin;
10 " Pale Brandy.

All of the above will be sold for cash, at a little above cost, by TAYLOR & PETTEWAY.

MESS PORK.—50 bbls. City Mess;
100 " Plated do.;
50 " Rusty do.

For sale by FREEMAN & HOUSTON

## WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BEESWAX, ₱ lb. | .25 | @ | 26 | | |
| BEEF CATTLE, | | | | | |
| ₱ 100 lbs. | 5 00 | @ | 9 50 | | |
| BRICKS, ₱ M. | 7 25 | @ | 12 00 | | |
| CANDLES, ₱ lb. | | | | | |
| Tallow | .17 | @ | 18 | | |
| Adamantine | .25 | @ | 30 | | |
| Sperm | .35 | @ | 50 | | |
| COFFEE, ₱ lb. | | | | | |
| Java | .15 | @ | 16 | | |
| Laguayra | .13 | @ | 11 | | |
| Cuba | .00 | @ | 00 | | |
| Rio | 12½ | @ | 13½ | | |
| St. Domingo | .11 | @ | 12 | | |
| COTTON, ₱ lb. | .0 | @ | 0 | | |
| CORN MEAL, | | | | | |
| ₱ bush | 90 | @ | 0 92½ | | |
| DOMESTICS, | | | | | |
| Sheeting, ₱ yd. | 7½ | @ | 8 | | |
| Yarn, ₱ lb. | 00 | @ | 17 | | |
| EGGS, ₱ doz. | 20 | @ | 22 | | |
| EMPTY BARRELS, each, | | | | | |
| Spts. Turp. | 2 50 | @ | 2 65 | | |
| FEATHERS, ₱ lb | 50 | @ | 55 | | |
| FISH, ₱ bbl., | | | | | |
| Mullets | .0 00 | @ | 0 00 | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1 | | @ | 00 00 | | |
| do. No. 2 | | @ | 0 00 | | |
| do. No. 3 | | @ | 0 00 | | |
| Shad, Ocean, | 00 00 | @ | 00 00 | | |
| Herrings, East | 3 75@ | | 4 00 | | |
| do. N.C. roe, | | @ | 6 00 | | |
| do. do. cut, | | | 7 00 | | |
| Dry Cod, | | | | | |
| ₱ cwt | 3 75 | @ | 4 50 | | |
| FLOUR, ₱ bbl., | | | | | |
| Canal | .9 00 | @ | 11 00 | | |
| Baltimore | .0 00 | @ | 0 00 | | |
| Fayetteville | 7 50 | @ | 7 75 | | |
| GRAIN, ₱ bush. | | | | | |
| Corn | .86 | @ | 00 | | |
| Oats | .60 | @ | 00 | | |
| White Beans | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 | | |
| Pease, Cow | 1 05 | @ | 1 10 |

# THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, MAY 22, 1854.



**Authorized Agents for the Journal.**

JAMES M. REDMOND, Tarboro', Edgecombe co., N. C.
JOSIAH JOHNSON, Clinton, Sampson county.
JOSEPH R. KEMP, Bladen county.
JAMES H. MEREDITH, Gravelly Hill, Bladen co.
B. BARNES, Black Creek, Wayne county.
LEWIS JONES, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir county.

☞ This Paper is filed, and may be seen free of charge, at Holloway's Pill and Ointment Establishment, 244, Strand, London, where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this Periodical.


### Mr. Ashe and General Dockery—the Fayetteville Observer and the Wilmington Herald.

We hope to be excused for devoting a little time and space to a review of some matters in the Observer and Herald, less on account of any bearing the subject could have upon Mr. Ashe, than for the purpose of preventing the spread of misconceptions or misrepresentations with respect to the general course and action of the Democratic party.—Mr. Ashe can very easily take care of himself, as perhaps even Gen. Dockery has, by this time, been brought to understand.

The charge contained in General Dockery's remarks, in connection with Mr. Ashe, amounts to an assertion that he is a useless Representative, for the reason that he is opposed to a General River and Harbor Bill on constitutional grounds, or that he belongs to a wing of a party which is, and that therefore he has been able to do nothing to forward the interests of his district.

By way of reply to this charge, or allegation of General Dockery, and for the purpose of showing that he is not that useless representative, Mr. Ashe states the fact, which appears upon the record, that since he has been in Congress, two bills have passed the House, each containing such an appropriation as was recommended by Professor Bache, for the Wilmington Bar. These bills passed in 1851 and 1852, and appropriated $10,000 and $20,000. The first one failed in the Senate, although Messrs. Badger and Mangum were both there, and neither of them restrained by constitutional scruples. A charge of uselessness will fall quite as heavy upon them as upon him, if not heavier. And whether Mr. Ashe voted for the whole River and Harbor Bill or not, he was instrumental in procuring the *insertion* of the first appropriation made in the House for the Cape Fear Bar. The opposition in the House to the Senate amendment to the Navy Appropriation Bill, giving $50,000, was on account of what was supposed to be its irrelevancy to the subject in hand, and the danger of setting a wrong precedent in that respect

The reference made by Mr. Ashe to Messrs. Badger and Mangum, which the Observer characterizes as a "most unworthy insinuation against Messrs. Badger and Mangum, which, coming from a citizen of Wilmington, is most amazing, after all the proof, overwhelming as it is, before the public, of their unceasing labors (particularly by Mr. Badger,) in favor of Wilmington interests," is evidently made with no such intent, but simply to show that Gen. Dockery's remarks, if they have any application at all, would apply equally to Messrs Badger and Mangum. It bears evidence on the face of it of being purely defensive, and with no idea of making a charge.

In regard to Mr. Badger and the Wilmington Journal, and Mr. Ashe's connection therewith, we can only say that Mr. Ashe did address Mr. Badger a letter on that subject, and did tender his acknowledgments for Mr. Badger's subsequent course in relation to the Bar.

That General Dockery cordially supported Mr. Leake, the proof is that he *did* support him, and that the vote of Gen. Dockery's particular friends was given in a body and strongly for Mr. Leake. The vote of Richmond county is proof enough.

☞ It is not denied by those who know anything about it, that Mr. Ashe was instrumental in getting through the bills for the extension of time for the payment of duties on the iron of the Wilmington & Raleigh and the Wilmington & Manchester Railroads. It is a matter of history that the Stockholders of both Companies have acknowledged such instrumentality. So much for the charge of being a "useless representative." Now for General Dockery's own votes, since it is fair, that, having undertaken to fasten the charge of uselessness upon Mr. Ashe on account of his connection with the Democratic party, that gentlemen should be allowed, in his own defence, to retort the charge upon General Dockery, and show some matters wherein it might be saddled upon him with far more justice, as the result of *his* (General Dockery's) hide-bound notions.

Notwithstanding the instructions of the Legislature and the large Railroad interest in North Carolina, General Dockery did vote to lay on the table the *only bill* that there was any hopes of passing, extending relief to railroads by a suspension of the time for the payment of duties on their iron. The bill was originally a bill for the relief of some Western Railroads, but at the time it was laid on the table, there were two amendments pending, one in favor of the Raleigh & Gaston, and another making its provisions general, including the Central Railroad.

The argument or position assumed by Mr. Ashe's letter evidently was and is, that, if his (Mr. Ashe's) opposition on Constitutional grounds to a General River and Harbor Bill rendered him a "useless representative," much more so did General Dockery become a "useless representative," in consequence of his opposition to a general suspension Bill, which would have included two of our railroads, for the reason that he was unwilling to interfere with the Tariff.

All special Bills for either of the North Carolina Roads, had failed and the delegation knew that the last and only chance was in the General Bill. Gen. Dockery voted to lay upon the table Venable's amendment inserting the Raleigh and Gaston Road, and afterwards voted to lay the whole bill upon the table while Parker's amendment was pending, making the provisions of the bill general, including, of course, the Central Railroad.

The Observer says, with all the emphasis of italics, that "*General Dockery never did vote, as Mr. Ashe states, to lay on the table either the Raleigh and Gaston Bill, or a Central Railroad Bill!*" How much accuracy there is in this assertion of the Observer may be seen from a consideration of the facts we have presented. Gen. Dockery *did* vote to lay on the table the *only Bill* of which there was any hope, and which would have included both roads, because of his hide-bound Tariff notions.

The object of Mr. Ashe's letter was simply self-defence against the charge of uselessness preferred against him on account of his constitutional scruples with reference to a General River and Harbor Bill; in that defence he has fully retorted the charge upon General Dockery, on account of his opposition to a General Suspension Bill on the duties on Railroad Iron, which Bill would have benefitted the Raleigh and Gaston Road, and for this opposition General Dockery had no constitutional scruples to offer, but simply his own hide-bound ante-deluvian protective Tariff notions. And while doing this, Mr. Ashe has successfully repelled the charge of uselessness—has shown that he has accomplished something for his State and district.

BANK AND RAILROAD STOCKS AT AUCTION.—On Tuesday last, M. Cronly, Esq., Broker and Auctioneer, sold at public auction, five shares of Cape Fear Bank Stock, at $118 50; sixty-five shares of the same at $118 00 per share. Also, five shares of Wilmington & Raleigh Railroad Stock, at $86, and forty-five shares of the same at $84 per share; also, fifteen shares of Wilmington & Manchester Railroad Stock, at $63 per share. We believe the above Stocks were sold for cash, or its equivalent.

EXPLOSION.—An explosion of powder took place at the Hopewell Copper Mine, in Mecklenburg county, in this State, on the 10th inst., by which two men were killed, and another severely, if not fatally, injured. The persons killed were Marshall McKoy, the Superintendent of the Mine, and Captain Varker, late of Greensboro', N. C.; the injured man is a German—name not given. The explosion occurred in the Counting-Room, where the three men were, as well as four kegs of powder, one of them open. A spark from the Dutchman's pipe did the business.

### Fire.

The Steam Saw Mill belonging to Messrs. Costin, Gregg & Co., on the opposite side of the river, known as the "Commercial Mill," was discovered to be on fire this morning, about 1¼ o'clock. In a short time the entire building was totally consumed, together with a large quantity of lumber. The Marine Rail-way, belonging to Mr. B. W. Beery, was also burnt to the water. A small schooner was on the Ways when the fire broke out, but was shoved off before she sustained much damage. Schrs. "St. Leon" and "Sam'l. Bolton" were lying along side of the wharf—the first loading, and the latter repairing;—both succeeded in getting off without injury. The S. B. lost some blocks, which had on yesterday, been painted and placed in a shed to dry.

This is the second time this Mill has been burnt within a few years. The loss on the present occasion is very considerable. We learn that there was insurance on the Mill and Lumber amounting to $10,000. The Ship Carpenters employed in the Yard lost all of their tools—for some of them a very serious loss, as they have nothing to depend on except their labor for the support of themselves and families. Mr. Beery had no insurance on his Ways, and his loss is estimated at $1,500, provided his Engine is not injured more than at present believed.

It is believed to be the work of an incendiary.

*Daily Journal, 19th inst.*

From the Wilmington Herald, 19th inst.

MR. T. BURR, JR.—*Dear Sir:* I intended addressing you this note a few days since, but the House of Representatives having remained in session almost continually for the last two days, I was precluded from doing so.

In your notice of a letter I addressed on the 4th of May to Mr. Fulton, exculpating myself from a charge made against me by Gen. Dockery, when at Wilmington, you thought proper to represent me as a "Washington striker!" I know you are disposed to be just, and relying upon the existence of that feeling in your bosom, I would simply ask, if you, as a friend, would have advised me to remain silent under the publication in your columns of the charge made by General Dockery. I do not believe that you would have so advised. If Gen. Dockery had not made that charge, or if you had not published it, I certainly would not have troubled myself about his speech. Then with what justice can I be denounced as a striker? My private correspondents informed me of the General's attacks. The last mail brought me a letter from friend E——, (a good Whig) in which allusion was made to it. Yet I would have remained silent if you had not given it publicity. The only question was, as to the importance of the charge; now what was the substance of it?

The General informed the people of Wilmington that their Representative, though well disposed to the improvement of the Bar, yet *was* and *must be unable* to obtain any relief for them on account of his Constitutional scruples, or in other words because of his connection with a branch of the Democratic party which considers the Improvement of Rivers and Harbors as unconstitutional.

Now, independent of the personal injustice to me contained in this charge, I will submit whether at this crisis, when the people residing on the Cape Fear are about to assemble in Convention, to request their Representatives to use all their influence in favor of a certain Harbor improvement bill, it was not ill-advised to declare to them that their labor was useless, yea, thrown away, as their representatives were disqualified to aid them on account of their party connections; and whether it was not my duty to disabuse their minds of any such false impressions. I thought so, and hence bluntly reiterate, that as far as I am concerned, the charge was unjust and erroneous. In the conclusion of your criticism, you allude to a statement contained in my card of last spring, in which I stated "that all of our Representatives strove to obtain a repeal of the duty on railroad iron." I have no reason to change this opinion, but what has that to do with the statement of facts which I gave to Mr. Fulton in my letter, and which I mentioned *saddled Gen. Dockery with the same charge* he preferred against me. He charged me as being, as far as the improvement of our harbor was concerned, a *useless Representative*, for the reason, I would not vote for a general bill to improve rivers and harbors. I referred to a vote given by General Dockery, to lay a certain bill on the table, which, if it had not been tabled, would have extended the time of payment of duties, not only on iron for the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and our Central Road, but on all other Roads, which would comply with the conditions of the act. This was at its first introduction a private bill, but such amendments were offered as to make it general in its provisions.

Now as General Dockery eschews with scornful contempt the influence of constitutional scruples, he cannot allege any such justification for the above vote; a vote not only in opposition to the instructions of our Legislature, but contrary to the interests of all our North Carolina Railroads. In order to avoid misapprehension, I append extracts from the Congressional Globe, with dates for reference. Does not this vote completely saddle him with the same charge he preferred against me.

In conclusion, I will state that in my communication to Mr. Fulton, my purpose was to repel an unjust accusation. This, I hope, I have done, and herewith ends the matter.

Yours, with respect, W. S. ASHE.

"Mr. Penn from Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, reported a bill for the relief of the Memphis, and Charleston, or Mississippi, Tennessee River, the Coosa, New Orleans and Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Companies.

"Mr. Penn. The bill simply asks for time for the payment of duties on Railroad iron, by the payment of six percent on the time. This bill is ample in its provisions, and is a copy of the bill passed for North Carolina the other day."—Congressional Globe' 1st Session, 32nd Congress, Vol. 24th, 3d part, page 2409 and 2410.

Mr. Venable—"Proposed to amend by inserting the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad in North Carolina, giving them the same privileges as are conferred by the bill upon roads now embraced in it."—*Congressional Globe*, vol. 24, part 3, 1st Session, 32d Congress, page 2409 and 2472.

Mr. Dockery voted to lay on the table.

Subsequently Mr. Parker offered the following amendment:

"That the provisions and benefits of this act, so far as the same are applicable, be and the same are hereby extended to all Railroad Companies in the United States. Provided the Road of the Company be now in the course of construction, or be commenced within one year of this date."—*Congressional Globe*, 24th vol., part 3, 1st Session, 32d Congress, page 2410.

On the Monday following, the attached record is found.

"The House then proceeded to the regular order of business, being the motion to lay on the table House bill No. 323, for the relief of the Memphis and Charleston, or Tennessee, the Mississippi & Alabama and Tennessee River, the Coosa, the New Orleans and Jackson, and the New Orleans and Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Companies."

Mr. Dockery voted in the affirmative.

*Congressional Globe*, 24th vol., part 3d, 1st Session, 31st Congress, page 2472.

☞ We have just seen a gentleman from Lumberton who was present when Mr. Bragg spoke there on Monday last. He says the number of persons present on that occasion was rather greater than assembled to hear General Dockery, although in neither case was the attendance large, owing to the season, which required the attention of every one on his farm.

The impression made by Mr. Bragg was highly favorable, and Robeson county will give him as good a majority as it did Gov. Reid, and perhaps do better. General Dockery made no impression and certainly no changes, unless to the other side.

From Cumberland we learn that our friends are not only pleased but enthusiastic since the discussion there on Wednesday week. Cumberland is good for her Reid vote if not over.

### Congressional.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—In the Senate to-day the Printing Bill was debated. In the House the Nebraska Bill was the exciting theme. A long correspondence was furnished by the President between Secretary Marcy and foreign governments in regard to the relative rights of neutrals. Marcy invites England, France and Russia to establish a law making free ships; "free ships make free goods."

For the Journal.

### Improvement of the Cape Fear Bar—Meeting in Sampson.

In accordance with the wishes of a large portion of the citizens of Sampson county, a meeting was held in the Court House on Tuesday, 16th inst., to take into consideration the importance of the contemplated improvement of the Cape Fear Bar, and appoint delegates to attend the Convention in the town of Wilmington on the 25th inst. On motion of Chas. A. Harrison, Esq., Dr. Wm. McKoy was called to the Chair, and William S Devane and Thomas H Holmes were requested to act as Secretaries.

On motion, a committee of seven, viz: Charles A. Harrison, Isaac Boykin, A. A. McKoy, Wright Gregory, M. C. Blount, George W. Draughorn, and Geo. H. Daughtery. Esqs., was appointed to prepare resolutions for the action of the meeting. The committee, through A. A. McKoy, Esq., made the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, We have heard with great satisfaction of the recent action of the adjoining Counties, to be represented in the Convention to be held in Wilmington on the 25th day of May, relative to the improvement of the Main Bar of the Cape Fear River below Wilmington, and being thoroughly convinced of our deep interest in the completion of this great work, and we do most cordially co-operate with them; be it therefore

*Resolved*, 1st. That we do believe that the obstructions on the Main Bar, at the mouth of the Cape Fear River, has been produced, to a *very great extent*, by the action of the General Government in its works for the protection of Fort Caswell, and as we have reason to think that by this cause our commerce through this channel has been much retarded, and it is our matured conclusion that Congress should remove this grievance inflicted by the General Government,

*Resolved*, 2d. That we look upon this great improvement as decidedly national in its character, and if completed by the General Government will most assuredly add a great deal to the commercial facilities of our country, and will also afford a greater protection to the citizens of North Carolina in time of foreign invasion.

*Resolved*, 3d. That we do most earnestly recommend to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, their warmest support of the bill recently passed in the Senate of the United States, appropriating the sum of $200,000 for the improvement of the Main Bar at the mouth of the Cape Fear River.

*Resolved*, 4th. That we do hereby tender the Hon. George E. Badger, our Senator in Congress, our thanks for his valuable services in procuring the passage of said bill in the Senate.

*Resolved*, 5th. That we have the most implicit confidence in the Hon. William S. Ashe, our Representative in Congress, and we feel well satisfied that his exertions to have the said bill passed will be zealously and energetically put forth.

*Resolved*, 6th. That the chairman of this meeting appoint fifty delegates from this County to attend the said Convention.

Whereupon the following delegates were appointed: B M Herring, C A Harrison, G H Daughtery, A A McKoy, W C Draughorn, Wilie B Jackson, Murdoe White, Thos J Owen, James F Treadwell, Haywood Boykin, Hardy Herring, John S Parish, Wm L Robinson, P Murphy, Abraham Mathis, Wm Faison, Thomas I Faison, John Colwell, Wright Gregory, F B Millard, Isaac W Lane, Wm Ashford, Joel Hines, Wm Herring, Dr Thomas Bunting, Richard C Holmes, Isaac Boykin, J R Maxwell, Joel Parker, Charles H Stevens, A B Chesnutt, Dr H Bizzell, Sihon Killet, Dr William G Micks, Luke A Powell, Josiah Johnson, Dr Wm McKoy, Thomas H Holmes, Wm S Devane, M C Blount, Robert R Bell, F I Faison, Isaiah Thompson, G W Lamb, Alexander Herring, Thomas W Boykin, Dr Thomas J Boykin, Dr E F Shaw, Hinton E Carr, John R Beaman and George W Draughorn.

The meeting was appropriately and eloquently addressed by W. S. Devane, Esq., of Sampson, and J. L. Holmes and M. B. Smith, Esqs., of Wilmington.

On motion, the Secretaries were requested to forward a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to the Editors of the Wilmington Journal for publication, with the request that the other papers in the District would copy.

After which the meeting adjourned.

WM. McKOY, Chairman.

W. S. DEVANE, THOS. H. HOLMES, } Secretaries.

### The Improvement of Cape Fear Bar—Public Meeting.

According to previous notice, a number of the citizens of Orange met at the court house on Saturday 14th inst., to appoint delegates to the Convention proposed to be held at Wilmington on the 25th inst., in reference to the improvement of the Cape Fear Bar.

On motion, Dr Edmund Strudwick was called to the chair, and E. A. Heartt appointed secretary.

At the request of the chairman, John W. Norwood, Esq., briefly explained the object of the meeting, and also of the proposed Convention. He presented some interesting facts to show the commercial importance of Wilmington as a port of entry; and also stated the present condition of the water upon the Bar as contrasted with its former depth—spoke of the cause which had operated to reduce the depth of water from fourteen to seven and a half feet*, and of the means necessary to restore it to its former depth—and concluded by expressing the hope that the action of the Convention would result in procuring an appropriation from Congress for this important work.

On motion, the chairman appointed Messrs. John U. Kirkland, Dr. Pride Jones, and E. A. Heartt a committee to prepare resolutions for the action of the meeting.

The committee having retired for a short time, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted;

Whereas, we believe that the improvement of the Bar in the Cape Fear River below Wilmington, is a work of great importance, demanded not only for the interests of the town of Wilmington and the State of North Carolina, but for the interests of commerce generally; and whereas we have witnessed, with pride and satisfaction, the energy and patriotism of the people of Wilmington, who, while burdened with the expense of prosecuting other works, have nobly struggled to repair, by individual efforts, the injuries occasioned by the failure of Congress to appropriate a sufficient sum for the improvement of the Cape Fear Bar; therefore,

*Resolved*, That we heartily approve of the proposition to hold a Convention at Wilmington on the 25th inst, composed of delegates from each county in the State, to devise some plan for securing the completion of the improvement of the Cape Fear Bar, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint twenty-five delegates to represent Orange county in said Convention.

*Resolved*, That our Senator, the Hon. George E. Badger, is entitled to our warmest gratitude for the earnest zeal, untiring industry, and great ability with which he has pressed the importance of this work upon the attention of Congress; and to whose efforts we are, in a great measure, indebted for the passage, through the Senate of the United States, of a bill making an appropriation for this object.

*Resolved*, That while we are confident that our immediate Representative, the Hon. Sion H. Rogers, will give this measure his hearty support, yet it will not abate his zeal if assured that his constituents approve of it; and we therefore earnestly commend it to his special attention and favor.

*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolution be forwarded to the Hon. Geo. E. Badger and to the Hon. Sion H. Rogers.

On motion of Mr. Norwood,

*Resolved*, That any citizents of Orange county, who may be in Wilmington at the time, be requested to act as a delegate.

In compliance with the first resolution, the Chairman appointed the following persons as delegates, viz: John U. Kirkland, Josiah Turner, jr., Dr. Pride Jones, Rev. J. B. Donnelly, Samuel A. Holmes, John W. Norwood, John H. Webb, Frederick N. Strudwick, Alfred M. Waddell, Wm. H. Moore, E. D. McNair, Thomas B. Hill, David Hart, Henry K. Nash, R. Nichols, James C. Turrentine, Dr. O. F. Long, J. J. Freeland, Dr. S. D. Schoolfield, S. P. Moore, Dr. T. H. Turner, Hasell Norwood. Samuel F. Phillips, D. D. Phillips, and Wm. N. Patterson

On motion of Mr. R. Nichols,

*Resolved*, That these proceedings be published in the Hillsborough Recorder, and that the Raleigh and Wilmington papers be requested to copy.

The meeting then adjourned.

E. STRUDWICK, Chairman.

E. A. HEARTT, Secretary.

*We presume Mr. Norwood means at low water, as our tides rise and fall about five feet. We now have on the Main Bar from twelve to thirteen feet, at big water.—[*Eds. Journal.*

☞ Hay sold in Philadelphia, on Wednsday, at $1 37½ per 100 lbs. for prime timothy.

### Cape Fear Bar and River.

At a meeting of the citizens of Chatham, held in the Court-house at Pittsboro', on the 18th inst., for the purpose of responding to the call made by the citizens of Wilmington,

On motion of B. G. House, esq., Col. Henry A. London was called to the Chair, and John Manning, esq., appointed Secretary. The chairman explained the object of tee meeting.

On motion of J. H. Haughton, a committee of five was appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the meeting: whereupon the following gentlemen were appointed, viz: John H. Haughton, B. I. Houze, James Headen, Robert Rives, and Sidney Smith, esqs., which committee, withdrawing for a few moments, through Mr. Haughton, presented the following resolutions:

Whereas, the Hon. George E. Badger, our Senator in Congress, has introduced in the Senate a bill to appropriate $200,000 by the General Government, for the purpose of opening and deepening the mouth of the Cape Fear River, below Wilmington; and whereas the citizens of Wilmington have resolved to hold a Convention in the town of Wilmington upon the subject, on the 25th of May: Therefore,

*Resolved*, That the people of Chatham county are interested in this project, and heartily concur in the proposal to hold said convention, and will send delegates from this county.

*Resolved*, That the opening of the bar at Wilmington, the mouth of the Cape Fear River, is all important to the full success of the present plan to lock and dam the Upper Cape Fear and Deep rivers, to the Coal Fields in Chatham and Moore, and our delegates are instructed to co-operate with delegates from other counties in said Convention to carry out said project

*Resolved* That the chairman of this meeting appoint twenty delegates to said Convention.

*Resolved*, That the thanks of the citizens of the State of North Carolina are due, and are hereby tendered to the Hon. Geo. E. Badger, and the Hon. Wm S. Ashe, for their efforts in behalf of this work, in the Congress of the United States.

Under the second resolution, the chairman appoint the following gentlemen delegates, viz: Thomas Hill, J. J. Jackson, S. McClenahan, George R. Griffith, Elias Bryan, John H. Haughton, James Headen, John A. Moore, J. Q. A. Leach, R. K. Smith, Wm. Albright, Robert E. Rives, B. J. Houze, W. G. Harris, M. Q. Waddell, Sidney Smith, W. P. Taylor, A. A. Jones, John W. Scott, and L. J. Haughton, Esqrs.

On motion of B. I. Houze, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list, and the delegates were authorized to fill vacancies.

On motion of Sidney Smith, Esq., the editors of the Raleigh Register, the Standard and the Wilmington papers were requested to publish these proceedings.

On motion the meeting adjourned

HENRY A. LONDON, President.

JOHN MANNING, Secretary.

### Public Meeting.

Previous notice having been given, a respectable number of the citizens of Wayne assembled at the Court-house in Goldsboro,' on the 16th inst., for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Commercial Convention to be held in the town of Wilmington on the 25th instant.

On motion of Geo. V. Strong, Esq., W. K. Lane, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and J. C. Slocumb, Secretary. The chairman having explained the object of the meeting in a few brief and pertinent remarks. Col. S. J. Person and Geo. V. Strong, Esq., spoke earnestly and eloquently of the great importance to the County and State, of the work contemplated in the following preamble and resolutions, which were introduced by Mr. Strong and unanimously adopted.

Whereas, The Senate of the United States have recently passed a bill appropriating the sum of two hundred thousand dollars for removing the obstructions at the mouth of Cape Fear River, which said bill is now pending before the House of Representatives,

And whereas, It has been suggested that a convention composed of the delegates from various counties in the State assemble in the town of Wilmington, on the 25th inst., for the purpose of memorializing the House of Representatives to pass said bill and to devise other and further measures to secure the completion of said work.

And whereas, The county of Wayne is identified in interest with the port of Wilmington, and is deeply impressed with the importance and necessity of said work. Therefore Resolved, that we cordially approve of the call for said Convention.

*Resolved Further*, That the President of this meeting appoint 20 delegates to represent the county of Wayne in said Convention.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen to represent this County in the Convention:

John Hays, Bunyan Barnes, E. Sauls, Jos. Hooks, Wm. Lewis, S. P. Cox, W. T. Dortch, B. H. Plate, Council Bizzell, John Everett, Kinchen Britt, C. H. Brogden, Wm. Thompson, J. G. Barnes, Giles Smith, G. C. Moses, G. W. Collier, R. Raynor, B. F. Hooks, John Wright.

On motion of O. Coor, Esq., the Chairman and Sectary were added to the list of delegates.

On motion of O. C. Sasser. Esq., the Goldsboro' papers were requested to publish the proceedings.

The meeting then adjourned.

W. K. LANE, Chairman.

J. C. SLOCUMB, Secretary.

### Public Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of the town of Fayetteville and county of Cumberland, on the 16th inst.,

On motion, C. B. Mallett, esq. was appointed Chairman, and P. M. Hale Secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting—the appointment of delegates to the Convention at Wilmington, on the 25th inst., and

Maj. D. G. McRae introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the improvement of the Bar at the mouth of Cape Fear River is a subject of interest to the people of North Carolina, of vast importance to the people of the Cape Fear region of country, and particularly to the citizens of the town of Fayetteville, and the county of Cumberland, and of vital importance to our enterprising sister town of Wilmington: And whereas, a Convention is to assemble in Wilmington on the 25th of this month, to consider the subject: Therefore

*Resolved*, That the citizens of the town of Fayetteville, and county of Cumberland do hereby respond to the invitation to send delegates to said Convention.

*Resolved*, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint fifty delegates to attend said Convention.

*Resolved*, That the Presidents of the several Plank Road companies, and the President of the Western Railroad Company be appointed as special delegates, and that they be requested to attend said Convention

*Resolved*, That the Secretary furnish the delegates with certificates of their appointment.

*Resolved*, That the Chairman have power to fill any vacancies that may occur in the delegation, by the non-attendance of those appointed, and furnish certificates of appointment.

The Chairman appointed the following delegates: C. T. Haige, E. L. Winslow, Geo. McNeill, Dan'l McDiarmid, E. J. Hale, J. H. Cook, S. T. Tillinghast, Jas. Kyle, Thos. S. Lutterloh, G. Deming, E. W. Wilkings, Joseph Arey, D. A. Ray, W. Draughon, J. D. Starr, A. W. Steel, C. G. Wright Jas. Banks, J. G. Cook, John S. Banks, J. D. Williams, Jno. Evans, D. G, McRae, P. M. Hale, C. B Mallett, J. C. Blocker, Jno. C. Williams, T. M. Sackett, Jos. A. Worth, Henry Elliot, O. P. Stark, Col. A. Murchison, Dr. McRae, Joel Williams, J C. Haigh, W. A. McIntyre, Jona Evans, Peter Patterson, David Murphy, R. McDaniel, Laughlin Bethune, R. K. Bryan, Thomas Waddill, N. A. Ramsey, J. M. Rose, N. A. Stedman, F. Smith, Jno. W. Cameron, Nathan King, Captain Hector McNeill, Alex'r Elliot, Wm. McMillan, Duncan Murchison, Collin McRae, Christopher Munroe, W. S. Mallett, John C. Smith, W. Wright.

On motion papers were requested to publish the proceedings; and the meeting adjourned.

C. B. MALLETT, Ch'n.

P. M. HALE, Sec'y.

For the Journal.

ELIZABETHTOWN, BLADEN, Co., N. C., May 15.

MESSRS. FULTON & PRICE:—Gentlemen, I was confined to my room by sickness when the proceedings of our meeting were sent to you, and through mistake the names of the Delegates were omitted. The following is a list of the Delegates appointed at our meeting held on the 5th inst., to the Convention to be held in the town of Wilminhton on the 25th May, 1854, viz:

Thomas D. McDowell, Thomas O. Brown, J. I. D. Lucas, Dr. Wm. H. Beatty, J. W. Russ, A. S. Kemp, James Robeson, Dr. H. H. Robinson, Duncan Kelley, J. A. McDowell, J. A. Richardson, Dr. A. K. McDonald, B. Fitzrandolph, R. S. Gillespie, G. M. White, Thos. C. Smith, Thos. J. Purdie, Rev. Colin Shaw, Rev. H. A. Monroe. John Smith, Esq, Wm. N. Whitted, J. G. McDugald, W. H. Brown. Col. John O. Daniel, N. F. Harris, J. P. Lyttle, David Lewis, Thos. J. Norman, Duncan Cromartie.

You will please publish the list of Delegates in the Journal and request the Wilmington and Fayetteville papers to copy. And oblige yours,

J. I. McREE.

WARSAW, DUPLIN Co., N. C, May 15, '54.

In pursuance to a previous notice, a portion of the citizens of Warsaw District, assembled at Warsaw for the purpose of appointing Delegates to represent the District in a County Convention, to be held at Kenansville.

On motion, C. I. Oates, Esq., was called to the Chair, and H. C. Moore and J. R. Ezzell, were appointed Secretaries.

On motion, C C. Oates, A. M. Faison, A. J. Daniel, D B. Phipps, R. M Middleton, and, S. L. Gavin, Esqrs., were appointed a Committee to draw up Resolutions, expressing the views of the meeting; when they submitted the following Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

1st. *Resolved*, That we send five Delegates to the County Convention, to be held at Kenansville on the 8th of June, for the purpose of selecting some person, with sober morals and steady habits for the office of Sheriff of Duplin County; also members of both branches of the Legislature.

2nd. *Resolved*, That the people of each District be requested to send delegates to said Convention.

3rd. *Resolved*, That we will give our undivided support to the nominee, who is selected by said Convention expressive of our views.

On motion, the Chairman be requested to appoint five delegates to said Convention; who appointed the following gentlemen: A. M. Faison, G. W. Middleton, A. A. Boyette, Thos. J. Guy and S. L. Gavin.

On motion, the Chairman and Secretaries were added to the list of Delegates.

On motion, it was Besolved, that we send the Proceedings of this meeting to the Wilmington Herald, Wilmington Journal, Spirit of the Age, Fayetteville Observer, and request them to publish the same.

On motion, it was Resolved, that we adjourn.

C. I. OATES, Chairman.

J. R. EZZELL, H. C. MOORE, } Secretaries.

### By Telegraph.

## ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

### SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

**Fighting between the Turks and Russians.**

**Reported Capture of a French Brig by an American Privateer—Decline in Flour and Cotton.**

WASHINGTON CITY, May 20, 11. A. M.

The *Europa* has arrived at New York with Liverpool dates to the 6th inst. She brings important news from the seat of war in the East. Omar Pasha defeated Gen. Luders, on the 18th ult., between Silistria and Rassovea. The Russians fell back on Cuemaboda, with a loss of their military stores, cannon, military chests, &c.

The Turks crossed the river near Kalafat, and after a hard fight they fell back on Silistria. The Greek Insurgents have been defeated at Arta, and the leaders all fled. The allied forces blockaded the whole coast of Greece.

The Russians continued the attack at Silistria.—War has commenced between the Turks and Montenegrins. It is reported that Austria will occupy the provinces. Napier's fleet is blockading the Baltic Ports. The Russians were fitting out eight hundred gun boats. At the bombardment of Odessa all the batteries and military stores were destroyed, twelve ships of war were sunk and thirteen others captured and wo powder Magazines were blown up.

The allies only lost 11 men. The French Government had received dispatches that Omer Pasha cut the Russian army in Dubrusha in two.

It is reported that a French brig had been captured by American privateer "Grape Shot," which had caused great excitement, and a British steamer had been sent in pursuit of her.

Flour declined 6d. to 1s. during the week. Cotton declined ¼d. to 3-16d. Sales of the week 34,000 bales. Wheat firm. Corn 38s. Consols closed at 87¼.

*Loss of the Ship Black Hawk—Eight Hundred Souls Rescued by the Ship Currituck.*

NEW YORK, May 17.—The ship Currituck, from Antwerp, has arrived at quarantine, bringing the passengers and crew. 800 souls in all, of the clipper ship Black Hawk, from Liverpool for New York.—The Black Hawk foundered at sea on the 17th of April, in a gale.

### Marine Disasters.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The ship Alleghanian yesterday brought here the crew of the bark Byron, from Charleston for Nantes, which had been abandoned at sea in a sinking condition, having been disabled in the gale of the 18th ult.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—The ship Mahoney, from Londonderry, has arrived with the captain and crew of the ship Argo, of Baltimore.

### Indignity to the Spanish Flag.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The ship Cyane, arrived to-day from Havana, with dates to the 15th. She refused to salute the Spanish flag.

### Renewal of Steam Boat Communication with Wilmington, N. C.

We are gratified to perceive from an advertisement in another column, that the fine steam packet *Calhoun*, Capt. F. BARDEN, will leave this port for Wilmington, N. C., on Sunday afternoon, the 28th inst., at half past three o'clock, after the arrival of the mail train from the West.

The *Calhoun* is a truly splendid boat, and her accommodations most excellent, as all who have travelled in her to and from Savannah can testify, and we are confident the traveling public will duly appreciate the liberality and enterprise of her owners, who are determined if they receive sufficient patronage, of which there can be little doubt, to let her make a trip to Wilmington once a week during the Summer. This arrangement will not interfere with her regular trips to and from Savannah, and we trust that her owners will have no cause to complain of a lack of passengers and freight.—*Charleston Courier.*

LIVERPOOL, May 6.—Denniston quotes cotton ¼@3-16d lower on middling and lower grades. Fair qualities unchanged. Sales of the week 34,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters each took 2,000 bales. Fair Orleans 6½d.; Middling 5¾d.; Fair Uplands 6¼@6½d.; Middling 5¾d.

Flour was in fair demand for consumption at 6d@1s decline for the week. Canal 36s 6d@37s; Ohio 38s 6d. Wheat firm. White 12s 4d. Corn has declined 2s. White and yellow 38s. The demand was moderate, and holders were not pressing sales.

The imports of breadstuffs had been very large. Denniston quotes canal flour at 36s@36 6d; Baltimore, 36s 6d@37s; Ohio, 37s@38s; red wheat, 10s 6d@11s 6d. White corn, 36s@38; yellow, 37s@39s.

Provisions.—The provision market was dull and prices depressed.

Pork did not meet with extensive inquiry. Bacon had declined 1s@2s under large arrivals—sales were pressed and purchasers look for a further reduction. Shoulders were in fair demand. Hams dull. Lard heavy—sales of 200 tons American at 51s 6d@52s 6d on the spot, and to arrive. Tallow heavy at 66@67s.

Coffee was quiet; prices unchanged.

Sugars and Molasses dull; tendency of prices downwards.

Rice was quiet; quoted at 18s@20s.

Naval stores were firm. Wool dull, and prices declining.

Sales of 200 bbls. rosin at 5s 9d cwt. Spirits of Turpentine declined to 45s. Rice rather lower without any improvement.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—NAVAL STORES—Turpentine continues very dull $2 75 for dip, and $1 75 for scrape.—Tar also is dull—last sales at $3.25 for 280 bbs.

GRAIN & COTTON.—No sales to report.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 18.—Bacon 9¾ @ 10; Beeswax 24@25; Coffee—Rio 13@14, Laguira 14@00, St. Domingo 00@00; Cotton—Fair to good 8¼@8¾, Ordinary to mid. 8 @8¼; Feathers 40@45; Flour—superfine $6 75@0 00 Fine $00@6 50, scratched $—@6 25; Grain—Corn $1 10@1 15, Wheat $0 00@0 00, Oats 60@00, Peas $1 10@1 15, Rye $1 10 @1 15; Hides—dry 10@11, green 4@5; Lard 10@11; Molasses—Cuba 25@26, New Orleans 37½@40; Salt—Liverpool Sack $1 75@2 00.

Cotton—Very little change in the market A few bales of very good were sold yesterday at 8¼. Flour—No change up to this morning. Corn—Rather better feeling. No change in Turpentine. Spirits 40.

NEW-BERNE, May 17.—Bacon—Sales of Hog Round at 8¼; Hams at 9½, by the quantity. Beeswax 26c. Corn 75c ℔ bushel. Lard—No sales by the bbl., demand moderate. Meal 90c ℔ bushel. Turpentine—A sale of virgin this morning at $3 80, old dip $3 05 and scrape at $2 05, showing a still further decline in this article. Tar $3 25@$3 50 ℔ bbl.


ON HANDS—Cotton and Linen Osnaburgs; Burlaps; Blue Denims; Blue Drilling; Cottenades; Blue Plaid Domestics, of